The Hong Kong Daily Press.

No. 7840 第七千八百四十號 光緒十年十二月廿四日 HONGKONG, THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 1st, 1883. 香港英國二月一號 [PRICE $2½ PER MONTH

SHIPPING.

ARRIVALS.

January 30, Too-nan, Chinese steamer, 1,261, Croad, Penang 17th January, and Singapore 21st, General.—C. M. S. N. Co.

January 31, Foochow, British steamer, 709, Clegg, Shanghai via Chinkiang 24th January, Rice.—Butterfield & Swire.

January 31, Yangtsze, British str., 784, Casson, Canton 31st January, General.—Siemssen & Co.

January 31, Kung-pai, Chinese str., 610, Boswell, Canton 31st January, General.—C. M. S. N. Co.

January 31, Belgic, British steamer, 1,716, J. G. Cameron, San Francisco 28th December, and Yokohama 24th Jan., Mails and General.—O. & O. S. S. Co.

January 31, Bivouac, British steamer, 830, A. J. Campbell, Bangkok 21st January, General.—Tung Kee.

January 31, Ningpo, British steamer, 761, Cass, Shanghai 28th January, General.—Siemssen & Co.

January 31, Glenlyon, British str., 1,373, F. Gedge, Swatow 30th Jan., General.—Jardine, Matheson & Co.

January 31, President Simson, British bark, 1,235, G. S. Carlett, Manila 23rd Jan., Ballast.—Jardine, Matheson & Co.

January 31, Hainan, British steamer, 280, Conner, Hoihow 30th Jan., General.—Afong.

January 31, Hai-tung-hung, Chinese gunboat, from Canton.

CLEARANCES.

At the Harbour Master's Office.
January 31st.

Yoritomo Maru, Jap. str., for Kuchinotzu.
Activ, Danish str., for Hoihow.
Diamantis, British str., for Manila.
Hoihow, British str., for Saigon.

DEPARTURES.

January 31, Greyhound, British steamer, for Hoihow.

January 31, Miramar, British steamer, for Saigon.

January 31, Phœnix, German steamer, for Saigon.

January 31, Ella S. Thayer, American ship, for Victoria (B.C.).

January 31, Hallgerda, British ship, for Guam.

January 31, Glenroy, British steamer, for Shanghai.

January 31, Plastoun, Russian corvette, for Saigon.

January 31, China, German steamer, for Swatow.

January 31, Foochow, British steamer, for Canton.

January 31, Diamante, British steamer, for Manila.

January 31, Ningpo, British steamer, for Canton.

PASSENGERS.

ARRIVED.

Per *Hainan*, str., from Hoihow.—40 Chinese.

Per *Too-nan*, str., from Penang, and Singapore.—600 Chinese.

Per *Foochow*, str., from Shanghai, &c.—2 Chinese, deck.

Per *Belgic*, str., from San Francisco, &c.—250 Chinese, in steerage.

Per *Glenlyon*, str., from Swatow.—Messrs. De Sa and Powers, and 300 Chinese, deck.

Per *Ningpo*, str., from Shanghai.—Messrs. Geltzow and Cochinard, 4 Europeans and 42 Chinese, deck.

DEPARTED.

Per *Hailoong*, str., for Amoy.—Captain C. Rossows.

REPORTS.

The British steamer *Glenlyon* reports left Swatow on the 30th ult., and had moderate Easterly winds and very thick weather.

The Chinese steamer *Too-nan* reports left Penang on the 17th ult., and Singapore on the 21st, and had fine weather throughout the passage.

The British bark *President Simson* reports left Manila on the 23rd ult., and had fine weather and Easterly winds until 29th, then fog and light variable winds.

The British steamer *Hainan* reports left Hoihow on the 30th ult.; first part light breeze and fine weather, latter part strong breeze and squally from the North.

The British steamer *Foochow* reports left Shanghai via Chinkiang on the 24th ult.; first part strong N.E. monsoon and thick, rainy weather; latter part light variable winds and thick, foggy weather.

The British steamer *Bivouac* reports from 21st ult. to 24th fine weather, 24th to 26th strong N.E. gale and heavy sea, remainder of voyage fine weather attended with dense fog. Passed a Holt steamer bound South on the 29th ult.

The British steamer *Ningpo* reports dull cloudy weather to Chusan Islands, from then thick fog prevailing the whole passage to Breaker Point; from thence strong and light South and S.W. winds and thick heavy weather until arrival.

The British steamer *Belgic* reports sailed from San Francisco on the 28th Dec. at 2.52 p.m., thence to Meridian light to moderate variable winds and clear weather. From Meridian to Yokohama fresh to strong Westerly gales and squally. Arrived Jan. 23rd at 1.08 a.m. Sailed from Yokohama Jan. 24th, at 7.06 a.m., thence to Turnabout moderate to fresh breezes and squally. From Turnabout to port light variable winds and dense fog. Jan. 30th, 8 a.m., anchored off Nine Pins on account of fog. Arrived 31st, at 7.30 a.m.; time 7 days 2 hours 6 min.

VESSELS ARRIVED IN EUROPE FROM PORTS IN CHINA, JAPAN, AND MANILA.
(Per last Mail's Advice).

Coriolanus	Manila	Dec. 15
Teneer (s.)	Hongkong	Jan. 16
Jason (s.)	Shanghai	Jan. 16
Diomed (s.)	Shanghai	Jan. 19
Christel	Manila	Jan. 20

VESSELS EXPECTED AT HONGKONG.
(Corrected to Date).

Lina Schwoon	Cardiff	Aug. 31
Josefina	Liverpool	Aug. 31
Chocorua	London	Sept. 2
B. P. Cheney	Cardiff	Sept. 9
Marie	Cardiff	Sept. 21
Deutschland	Penarth	Sept. 25
Lucy	London	Sept. 27
Tyburnia	London	Sept. 30
Johanna	Cardiff	Oct. 2
Dorothea	Cardiff	Oct. 4
P. N. Blanchard	Penarth	Oct. 10
Lucia	London	Oct. 14
Adele	Cardiff	Oct. 21
Wandering Jew	Penarth	Oct. 23
Auguste	Newport	Oct. 25
H.M.S. Linnet	Devonport	Nov. 27
Date	Liverpool	Nov. 30
Au Ding (s.)	Falmouth	Dec. 1
Morionethshire (s.)	London	Dec. 9
Dartmouth	London	Dec. 13
A. & W. C.	Penarth	Jan. 15
Priam (s.)	Liverpool	Jan. 16
Anchises (s.)	London	Jan. 19

BANKS.

ORIENTAL BANK CORPORATION.

(Incorporated by Royal Charter).

PAID-UP CAPITAL..... £1,500,000.

LONDON BANKERS:
Bank of England.
Union Bank of London, Limited.
Bank of Scotland, London.

RATES OF INTEREST ALLOWED ON DEPOSITS:
At 3 Months' Notice, 3 per Cent. per Annum.
At 6 Months' Notice, 4 per Cent. per Annum.
At 12 Months' Notice, 5 per Cent. per Annum.
Current Accounts kept on Terms which may be learnt on application.

Hongkong, 1st June, 1882. [9

HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

PAID-UP CAPITAL.....5,000,000 of Dollars.
RESERVE FUND .....2,350,000 of Dollars.

Court of Directors:—
Chairman—H. L. Dalrymple, Esq.
Deputy Chairman—Wm. Reiners, Esq.
H. Hoppius, Esq. F. D. Sassoon, Esq.
Hon. F. B. Johnson. M. E. Sassoon, Esq.
A. P. McEwen, Esq. W. S. Young, Esq.
A. McIver, Esq. C. Vincent Smith, Esq.

Chief Manager.
Hongkong—Thomas Jackson, Esq., Manager.
Shanghai—Ewen Cameron, Esq.
London Bankers—London & County Bank.

Hongkong—Interest Allowed.
On Current Deposit Accounts at the rate of 2 per cent. per Annum on the daily balance.
On Fixed Deposits:—
For 3 months 3 per Cent. per Annum.
For 6 months 4 per Cent. per Annum.
For 12 months 5 per Cent. per Annum.
Local Bills Discounted.
Credits granted on approved Securities, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.
Drafts granted on London, and the chief commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, America, China and Japan.
T. JACKSON, Chief Manager.
Offices of the Corporation,
No. 1, Queen's Road East.
87 Hongkong, 19th August, 1882.

TO BE LET.

STORAGE.

GOODS taken on Storage, in Godowns at Wanchai.
Apply to LINSTEAD & DAVIS.
Hongkong, 3rd January, 1883. [74

TO LET.

HOUSE No. 9, MOSQUE TERRACE.
Apply to LINSTEAD & DAVIS.
Hongkong, 3rd November, 1882. [35

TO LET.
With immediate Possession.

THE BUNGALOW No. 18, Elgin Street,
Apply to LINSTEAD & DAVIS.
Hongkong, 3rd January, 1883. [78

TO LET.

NO. 4, Old Bailey Street.
No. 6, Queen's Road Central, lately occupied by Pacific Mail S. S. Co.
No. 8, Seymour Terrace.
No. 9, Seymour Terrace.
No. 25A, Praya Central.
Apply to
DAVID SASSOON, SONS & Co.
Hongkong, 2nd November, 1882. [29

TO LET.
From the 1st January, 1883.

FOUR LARGE ROOMS for Offices, upstairs at 43, Queen's Road.
Apply on the Premises of
ACHEE & Co.
Hongkong, 19th December, 1882. [37

TO LET.

A SUITE OF OFFICES, with Compradore's Rooms, &c., on the Premises of the Undersigned. Separate Entrance in Ice House Street.
For Full Particulars, apply to
GEO. R. STEVENS & Co.
Hongkong, 8th January, 1883. [112

TO BE LET.
(With Possession on 1st of October Next.)

THE PREMISES at present in the occupation of the "Novelty Store" in Bank Buildings.
Apply to
SHARP & Co.
Hongkong, 1st September, 1882. [32

GRANITE GODOWNS TO LET.
Apply to
Messrs. SHARP & Co.
Hongkong, 7th March, 1882. [31

TO LET.

THE PREMISES at Bowrington known as the Old International Ice House. GODOWN Capable of Storing about 4,000 Tons Coal, Dwelling House attached, &c., &c.
Apply to
DOUGLAS LAPRAIK & Co.
Hongkong, 3rd October, 1882.

TO LET.

ROOMS in Club Chambers.
Apply to
DOUGLAS LAPRAIK & Co.
Hongkong, 1st February, 1882. [30

GODOWNS TO LET OR FOR SALE.

TWO SPACIOUS GODOWNS, No. 60A, and 61A, Praya East, having a Storage Capacity of upwards 2,000 Tons each. The site of the above is numbered Lots No. 124 and 197. The Godowns are 100 feet broad and 200 feet long each. There is a lane between them, having Wells and Verandahs; there is also a Wharf in the front for the facility of landing and loading goods.
Apply to
TANG LOK,
Hollywood Road.
Hongkong, 16th January, 1883. [156

TO BE LET.

HOUSE No. 11, Gage Street.
Apply to
J. A. DE CARVALHO.
Hongkong, 22nd January, 1883. [179

HONGKONG WHARF & GODOWNS.
Goods received on STORAGE at Moderate Rates, in First-class Godowns.
Also
Entire GODOWNS to be LET.
Apply to MEYER & Co.
Hongkong, 3rd March, 1881. [1047

THE CHUNG NGOI SAN PO
(Chinese *Daily Press*),
Published Daily,
Is the best medium for Advertising among the Native Community.
It has been established upwards of Twenty Years, and enjoys the largest *bonâ fide* circulation of any Chinese paper in the Southern China. It is carefully edited by an experienced Chinese Scholar, and contains Full and Reliable Commercial Intelligence.
Terms for Advertising can be obtained at the Office, Wyndham Street, Hongkong; or from the different Agents.
Hongkong, 19th January, 1877.

NOTICES OF FIRMS.

NOTICE.

WE have Authorised Mr. PHILIPP ARNHOLD to sign our Firm from this date.
ARNHOLD, KARBERG & Co.
Shanghai, Hongkong, and Canton,
20th January, 1883. [236

NOTICE.

MR. HORATIO GAY JAMES Retired from our Firm on the 31st December, 1882.
GEO. R. STEVENS & Co.
Hongkong, 3rd January, 1883. [77

NOTICE.

I HAVE This Day PURCHASED the GOODWILL and STOCK-IN-TRADE of W. P. MOORE'S Hair Dressing Saloon, Hongkong Hotel. I trust to meet the same Patronage so Liberally Bestowed upon my Predecessor.
J. P. MARMANDE.
Hongkong, 25th January, 1883.

IN reference to the above the Undersigned having disposed of his BUSINESS, takes this opportunity of returning his sincere thanks for the liberal Support he has received during the time he has been in business.
W. P. MOORE.
Hongkong, 25th January, 1883. [207

NOTICE.

FROM and after the 1st May, 1883, Mr. THOMAS GITTINS, Junior, will be admitted a Partner in our Firm.
JOHN GITTINS & Co.
The Firm will consist of Mr. JOHN GITTINS, Mr. HESILRIGE JOHN JOHNSTONE CHAMBERS, and Mr. THOMAS GITTINS, Junior.
Foochow, 1st January, 1883. [109

NOTICE.

IN Future all Letters in connection with the Taku Tug and Lighter Company are requested to be addressed to the Undersigned.
JAMES WATTS,
Sec. T. T. and L. Co.
Taku, 1st January, 1883. [178

NOTICE.

THE Undersigned having been Granted Letters of Administration of the Estate of the late John Noble will sign all receipts in connection therewith.
JOHN S. COX.
Hongkong, 13th December, 1882. [45

NOTICE.

HONGKONG AND WHAMPOA DOCK COMPANY, LIMITED.

I HAVE THIS DAY resumed my duties as Secretary to the Company.
By Order of the Board of Directors,
D. GILLIES,
Secretary.
Hongkong 3rd January, 1883. [89

INTIMATIONS.

JOHN NOBLE,
JEWELLER AND WATCHMAKER,
Queen's Road,
HAS received the usual CHRISTMAS ASSORTMENT of
DIAMOND JEWELLERY,
Consisting of—
NECKLACES, BRACELETS, PENDANTS, BROOCHES, EARRINGS, LOCKETS, RINGS, &c.
An Invoice of RACE and REGATTA CUPS in the latest designs is now on view.
Hongkong, 13th December, 1882. [44

FOR SALE.

GEORGE GOULET CHAMPAGNE
CARTE D'OR, in Cases of 1 doz. Quarts.
Do. Do. 2 doz. Pints.
We state with pleasure that the brand of George Goulet & Co. has come up remarkably well during the past year, the quantity imported (7,127 Cases) being the 6th largest out of 30 Brands on the list; we wish this house a continuation of this well deserved prosperity.—(Extract from *Bonfort's Wine and Spirit Circular*, January 10th, 1882.)

JUNG & Co.'s Choice Qualities
HOCK and MOSELLE,
from $5 to $15 per Case of 1 doz. Quarts.

JOHN HOPKINS & Co.—London
"GLENGARRY" OLD SCOTCH WHISKEY,
In Cases of 1 dozen Quarts, $8 per Case.

JOURNU FRERES Celebrated CLARETS,
Chateau Belaire, Chateau Sollberg.
PUSTAU & Co.,
Agents.
Hongkong, 3rd October, 1882. [83

FOR SALE; JUST RECEIVED.

REAL SCHIEDAMSCHE JENEVER,
Prime Quality in Stone Bottles
DR. TOWNSEND'S
AROMATIC HOLLANDS TONIC,
POMERANZEN BITTERS.

BREECH-LOADING GUNS, RIFLES, REVOLVERS, CARTRIDGES and SHOTS.
J. F. SCHEFFER,
Nos. 21 and 23, Pottinger Street.
Hongkong, 1st June, 1882. [28

PRIZE MEDAL AWARDED AT THE TYNEMOUTH EXHIBITION TO SMITH'S PATENT DREDGERS.
The Simplest,
Cheapest, and most efficient Dredgers made.

THESE DREDGERS are fitted with a novel Grip Bucket Worked by Hydraulic Power, providing a most simple Machine to clear Sand Banks or Harbours at half the cost of present Dredgers. Sole Makers
CLARK, BUNNETT & Co., (Limited.)
LONDON, ENGLAND.

BUNNETT'S PATENT HYDRAULIC LIFTS.

LIFTS for Passengers and Goods. Sole Makers, CLARK BUNNETT & Co., Limited. Engineers and Founders, Rathbone Place, London. Every description of Iron Castings, Iron Buildings, &c.—Catalogues on application. [2209

NOTICE.

THE Undersigned has all kinds of House and Ship COAL for sale in large and small quantities. Also several Strong and Commodious SMALL STEAMERS on hire for towing purposes, excursions, &c., &c., at extremely moderate rates.—Apply to
HING LEE, 37, Tung Man Lane.
Hongkong, 4th March, 1882. [435

JOSEPH GILLOTT'S STEEL PENS.
Gold Medal, Paris, 1878.
Sold by all Stationers and Dealers. [910

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.

A. MILLAR & CO., PLUMBERS, GASFITTERS, &c., &c., have REMOVED their Office and Ware-room to No. 6, "Beaconsfield Arcade," where Orders for Fittings and Repairs will be punctually attended to. [25

L. ROSE & Co.'S CELEBRATED LIME JUICE CORDIAL.
Sole Agents for Hongkong and China,
ARNHOLD, KARBERG & Co.
Hongkong, 19th November, 1881. [2108

AUCTIONS.

PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned has received Instructions to Sell by Public Auction, on
TUESDAY,
the 13th February, 1883, at 2 P.M., at No. 16, Caine Road,
THE WHOLE OF THE
HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, &c.
Comprising:—
English-made WALNUT CRETONNE COVERED DRAWING ROOM SUITE.
BLACKWOOD CARVED MARBLE-TOP CENTRE TABLE, SIDE TABLES and TEA POYS.
Bombay BLACKWOOD CARVED SOFAS, TABLES, WHATNOTS, CHEFFONIER and CORNER CUPBOARDS.
GASALIERS with Crystal Drops, CHIMNEY GLASSES, ENGRAVINGS, Marble Mantle Piece CLOCKS, VASES, and ORNAMENTS.
EXTENSION DINING TABLE, SIDEBOARD, WHATNOTS, DINNER SET, GLASS and PLATED WARE.
Double BEDSTEADS, Ladies Double Winged WARDROBES, CHEST OF DRAWERS, CHEVAL GLASS, Vienna-made ROCKING CHAIR, WASHSTANDS and TOILET TABLES.
One English-made BEDROOM SUITE, Comprising:—MARBLE-TOP WASHSTAND, TOILET TABLE with GLASS, and Lady's WARDROBE with Plate Glass Door.
A Semi-Grand PIANO, by J. Broadwood & Sons.
One BILLIARD TABLE by Barrouches & Watts, London, with Balls, Cues, &c., Complete.
Sundry PLANTS in Pots and Stands.
&c., &c., &c.
Catalogues will be issued.
Terms of Sale—As customary.
J. M. ARMSTRONG,
Auctioneer.
Hongkong, 1st February, 1883. [243

INSURANCES.

SCOTTISH UNION AND NATIONAL INSURANCE COMPANY OF EDINBURGH AND LONDON.
Established 1824.

Capital.....£6,000,000 Sterling.
Invested Funds .....£3,000,000 Sterling.
Annual Income.....£ 700,000 Sterling.

THE Undersigned have been appointed Agents for the above Company and are prepared to Grant Fire Insurances at Current Rates.
HESSE & Co.
Hongkong, 1st January, 1883. [87

THE CHINA MERCHANTS' INSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.
Head Office—Shanghai.
CAPITAL (Fully Subscribed) Tls. 1,000,000.
Board of Directors.
Tong King Sing, Esq., Chairman.
Chu Yu Chee, Esq. | Chang Su Ho, Esq.
Ching To Chai, Esq. | Yip Yu Tin, Esq.
and ten others.
Ho Shen Chee, Esq., Secretary.
The Company GRANTS POLICIES on MARINE RISKS at Current Rates to all parts of the World.
Usual returns of Premia are made to all Contributors of Business whether Shareholders or not.
HO SHEN CHEE,
Secretary.
Head Office, Hankow Road,
Shanghai, 1st June, 1882. [1092

YANGTSZE INSURANCE ASSOCIATION.

CAPITAL (Fully Paid-up).....	Tls. 420,000.00
PERMANENT RESERVE...	Tls. 230,000.00
SPECIAL RESERVE.....	Tls. 290,553.95
TOTAL CAPITAL and Accumulations, 6th April, 1882	Tls. 940,553.95

Directors.
H. De C. Forbes, Esq., Chairman.
J. H. Pinckvoss, Esq. | Wm. Meyerink, Esq.
A. I. M. Inverarity, Esq. | G. H. Wheeler, Esq.
Head Office—Shanghai.
Messrs. RUSSELL & Co., Secretaries.
London Branch.
Messrs. BARING BROTHERS & Co., Bankers.
RICHARD BLACKWELL, Esq., Agent, 68 and 69, Cornhill, E.C.
Policies granted on Marine Risks to all parts of the World.
Subject to a charge of 12 % for Interest on Shareholders' Capital, all the Profits of the Underwriting Business are annually distributed among all Contributors of Business (whether Shareholders or not) in proportion to the premia paid by them.
RUSSELL & Co.,
Agents.
Hongkong, 8th May, 1882. [1

THE MAN ON INSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.
Head Office—Hongkong.
CAPITAL (Fully Subscribed), $1,000,000.
Board of Directors.
Leung On, Esq., President.
Ban Hup, Esq. | Yow Chong Peng, Esq.
Chan Li Choy, Esq. | Q. Hoi Chung, Esq.
The Company GRANTS POLICIES on MARINE RISKS to all parts of the World, payable at any of its Agencies.
Contributory Dividends are payable to all Contributors of Business, whether they are Shareholders or not.
WOO LIN YUEN,
Secretary.
Head Office,
No. 2, Queen's Road West,
Hongkong, 14th March, 1881. [1739

CALEDONIAN FIRE AND LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.
ESTABLISHED 1805.

THE Undersigned having been appointed Agents for the above Company are prepared to issue Policies of Insurance against Fire on the usual terms.
ARNHOLD, KARBERG & Co.
Hongkong, January 1882. [913

LIVERPOOL AND LONDON AND GLOBE INSURANCE COMPANY.
The Undersigned, as Agents for the above Company, are prepared from this date to GRANT POLICIES upon FIRST-CLASS RISKS to the extent of £10,000, at the Reduced Tariff Rates.
DOUGLAS LAPRAIK & Co.
Hongkong, 11th May, 1881. [16

JUST LANDED AND FOR SALE,
EX "ESMERALDA."

HIGH STANDARD SUGAR, Manufactured by the Luzon Sugar Refining Company, Limited, at Manila; in Quantities to suit Purchasers. This Sugar can be specially recommended for family use, as it is made without the use of animal charcoal or sulphuric acid. Fresh supplies will be received from Manila every fortnight.
TAI YUNE,
Compradore, Central Market.
Hongkong, 16th November, 1882. [40

INTIMATIONS.

KELLY AND WALSH'S NEW BOOKS AND NEW EDITIONS.
The Fan Kwae at Canton before Treaty Days.
Yount on the Horse.
Stonehenge on the Dog.
Democracy—Cheap Edition.
Young's Fires and Fire Brigades.
Cassell's Family Physician.
Cassell's Book of the Horse.
Sir John Gilbert's Illustrated Shakspere.
Routledge's Sporting Annual.
Leland's Pidgin English.
Lecky's Wrinkles in Practical Navigation.
Lockhart's Songs and Solos—greatly enlarged.
Sergeant Ballantine's Experiences of a Barrister's Life.
Ireland's Life of Emmerson.
Wilson's Chapters on Evolution.
Tissandier's Popular Scientific Recreations.
Cassell's Picturesque Europe.

IMPORTANT FRENCH MEDICAL WORKS.
Guide Medicin Practicien, par Valleix—5 vols.
Nouveaux Eléments D'Anatomie Descriptive et d'Embryologie—Beaunis et Bouchard.
Traité D'Anatomie Descriptive—Cruveilhier et Sée—3 vols.
Anthropologie, Etude des Organes Fonctions Maladies de l'homme et de la femme—Bossu—3 vols.
Anthropologie—Atlas de vingt planches d'Anatomie.
Dictionnaire de Medecine et de Therapeutique.—Medicale et Chirurgicale—Bouchet et Desprès.
26] KELLY & WALSH—HONGKONG.

IN THE PRESS.

A GUIDE TO HONGKONG AND THE FAR EAST, principally intended for the use of Visitors, but having also special Features of Interest to Residents.
Contents:—
Historical Sketch of Hongkong.
Places of Interest in and around Victoria.
Kowloon and Hongkong Harbour.
Settlements and Villages on the Island.
A Visit to the Native shops.
Street Scenes and Sounds.
Some Chinese Customs and Superstitions.
Macao and Canton.
Anglo-Chinese Patois & the Cantonese Dialect.
The Fauna of Hongkong (compiled for the first time).
The Flora.
The Geology.
The Chinese Calendar, Weights and Measures.
Chair and Boat Tariff, English-Chinese List of places of interest and the principal firms.
General Index, etc., etc., with two Maps.
27] W. BREWER, Bookseller, &c.

HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

NOTICE is hereby given that the ORDINARY HALF YEARLY MEETING of the SHAREHOLDERS in this Corporation will be held at the City Hall, Hongkong, on TUESDAY, the 27th February next, at Three o'Clock P.M., for the purpose of receiving the Report of the Court of Directors together with a Statement of Accounts to 30th December, 1882.
By Order of the Court of Directors,
T. JACKSON,
Chief Manager.
Hongkong, 26th January, 1883. [208

HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

NOTICE is hereby given that the REGISTER OF SHARES of the Corporation will be CLOSED from TUESDAY the 13th to TUESDAY the 27th February next, (both days inclusive) during which period no transfer of Shares can be registered.
By Order of the Court of Directors,
T. JACKSON,
Chief Manager.
Hongkong, 26th January, 1883. [209

HONGKONG, CANTON, AND MACAO STEAMBOAT COMPANY, LIMITED.
NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.

THE DIVIDEND at the rate of 5 % or $3.75 per Share, declared at the Ordinary Half-Yearly Meeting of Shareholders held THIS DAY will be Payable at the Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation on and after MONDAY, the 29th instant. Shareholders are requested to apply at the Office of the Company for Warrants.
By Order of the Board of Directors,
P. A. DA COSTA,
Secretary.
Hongkong, 26th January, 1883. [218

CANTON INSURANCE OFFICE, LIMITED.
ADJUSTMENT OF BONUS FOR THE YEAR 1882.

CONTRIBUTORS to the above Office are requested to furnish the Undersigned with a List of their Contributions for the year ending 31st December, 1882, in order that the Distribution of Bonus may be arranged. Returns not rendered prior to 15th February next, will be adjusted by the Office, and no Claims or Alterations will be subsequently admitted.
JARDINE, MATHESON & Co.,
General Agents.
Hongkong, 6th January, 1883. [102

PENINSULAR & ORIENTAL STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY.
RETURN PASSAGE RATES.

RETURN PASSAGES from this date are now granted by this Company's Steamers from HONGKONG to BRINDISI, VENICE and TRIESTE and BACK at the following rates, with option of proceeding via London one way on payment of an additional sum of $25, or vid London both ways on payment of $50 extra:—
Available for 12 months, from date of leaving Hongkong to date of landing here, on return.—
First class.....$650.
Second „ ..... 350.
Available for 9 months, from date of leaving Hongkong to date of landing here, on return.—
First class.....$575.
Second „ ..... 300.
Cheap Reserved Accommodation can be obtained in this Company's Steamers; for particulars apply at the Office.
A. McIVER,
Superintendent.
Hongkong, 1st January, 1883. [81

FOR SALE.

WACHTER'S ROYAL CHARTER CHAMPAGNE.
Purveyors to Her Majesty the Queen and to H. R. Highness the Prince of Wales by Special Appointment under a Warrant dated 7th March, 1881.
1 Dozen Quarts .....$22.50.
2 Dozen Pints .....$23.50.
Apply to
ARNHOLD, KARBERG & Co.
Hongkong, 28th August, 1882. [1622

JOHN BALLEY WHITE & BROTHER'S PORTLAND CEMENT.
Sole Agents for China,
HOLLIDAY, WISE & Co.
Hongkong, 14th December, 1881. [2275

FOR SALE.

CHAMPAGNE, 1874.
Heidsieck & Co.'s
MONOPOLE.
DEETJEN & Co.
Hongkong, 1st July, 1881. [1261

NOTICES TO CONSIGNEES.

FROM LONDON AND SINGAPORE.
THE Steamship
"GLENROY,"
having arrived from the above Ports, Consignees of Cargo are hereby informed that their Goods, with the exception of Opium, are being landed at their risk into the Godowns of the Undersigned, whence or from the Wharves or Boats delivery may be obtained.
Optional Cargo will be forwarded unless notice to the contrary be given before 5 P.M. TO-DAY, the 29th instant.
Cargo remaining undelivered after the 5th proximo will be subject to rent.
No Fire Insurance has been effected.
Bills of Lading will be countersigned by
JARDINE, MATHESON & Co.
Hongkong, 29th January, 1883. [228

STEAMSHIP "ANADYR,"
COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES.
NOTICE.

CONSIGNEES of Cargo per Steamships "INDUS & GANGE," from London, in connection with the above Steamer, are hereby informed that their Goods, with the exception of Opium, Treasure, and Valuables, are being landed and stored at their risks at the Company's Godowns, whence delivery may be obtained immediately after landing.
Optional Cargo will be forwarded on unless intimation is received from the Consignees before Nine A.M., TO-DAY, the 29th instant, requesting it to be landed here.
Bills of Lading will be countersigned by the Undersigned.
Goods remaining unclaimed after MONDAY, the 5th February, at Noon, will be subject to rent and landing charges.
No Fire Insurance has been effected.
G. DE CHAMPEAUX,
Agent.
Hongkong, 29th January, 1883.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

STEAMSHIP "KUMAMOTO-MARU," FROM KOBE AND NAGASAKI.

CONSIGNEES of Cargo by the above Vessel are hereby requested to send in their Bills of Lading for Countersignature, and to take immediate delivery of their Goods from alongside.
Cargo impeding the discharge or remaining on board after TUESDAY, the 30th January, 1883, will be landed and stored at Consignees' expense and risk.
No Fire Insurance will be effected.
E. H. DUUS,
Acting Agent,
Mitsu Bishi Mail Steamship Co.
Hongkong, 29th January, 1883.

TO CONSIGNEES OF OPTIONAL CARGO, EX O. S. S. CO.'S S.S. "AGAMEMNON," FROM LIVERPOOL.

SHIPPING Orders must be obtained from the Undersigned not later than the 1st Feb., for shipment per steamer "PRIAM."
BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents.
Hongkong, 26th January, 1883. [176

OCEAN STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

CONSIGNEES per Company's Steamer "AGAMEMNON" are hereby notified that the Cargo is being discharged into Craft, and landed at the Godowns of the Undersigned; in both cases it will lie at Consignees' risk. The Cargo will be ready for delivery from Craft or Godown on and after the 26th January, 1883.
Goods undelivered after the 1st February, 1883, will be subject to Rent.
BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents.
Hongkong, 26th January, 1883. [176

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

CONSIGNEES of the following Cargo are requested to send in their Bills of Lading to the undersigned for countersignature, and take immediate delivery. This Cargo has been landed and stored at their risk and expense.
No Fire Insurance has been effected.
Ex "Amazone."
A. K. No. 4/5, 2 Cases Hardware, to Nin Fong On, from Marseilles.
Ex "Oxus."
Frank F. Jackson,
4 Cases Charts, from Aden.
G. DE CHAMPEAUX,
Agent.

NOTICE.

OFFICE OF THE SHANGHAI STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, IN LIQUIDATION.
Shanghai, 20th January, 1883.
THE ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of the Company will be held at the Office of the Undersigned, on FRIDAY, the 2nd February, at 2 o'clock P.M.
By Order,
RUSSELL & Co.,
226] Liquidators.

NOTICE.

In the matter of the Estate of Hugh Bold Gibb, Deceased.

NOTICE is hereby given that all Creditors and other Persons having any CLAIMS or DEMANDS upon or against the Estate of HUGH BOLD GIBB, formerly of Victoria, Hongkong, Merchant, who died at Chiswick in the County of Middlesex, England, on the 22nd day of April, 1882, and Probate of whose Will was duly granted to Alexander George Wood, of Shanghai, in the Empire of China, Merchant, by the Supreme Court of Hongkong, in its Probate Jurisdiction, on the 17th day of January, 1883; are hereby required to send in Writing the Particulars of their Claims and Demands to the Undersigned on or before the 28th day of February, 1883.
And Notice is hereby also given that at the expiration of the said last mentioned day the said Alexander George Wood will proceed to distribute the Assets of the said HUGH BOLD GIBB amongst the Parties entitled thereto having regard to the Claims of which notice shall then have been given and that the said Alexander George Wood will not be liable for the Assets or any part thereof so distributed to any person of whose Claim the said Alexander George Wood has not had notice at the time of the distribution.
Dated this 25th day of January, 1883.
SHARP, TOLLER, & JOHNSON,
Solicitors,
204 Supreme Court House.

LOST.

A TRANSFER DEED with SCRIP attached for 20 Luzon Shares, being one of Two Transfers of the same number of Shares signed by the Hon. F. B. Johnson. The Finder will oblige by returning it to the Undersigned, and the Holder of the other 20 Shares by sending them to the Company's Office for Transfer to enable the numbers of the Missing Shares to be traced. Also, Transfer DEED for 5 Luzon Sugar Shares in the name of Mr. C. P. Chater.
Notice is also given that if at the expiration of two weeks from the date hereof the above Documents be not forthcoming, another Transfer of the above Shares will be executed by the parties interested and marked "Duplicate," and thereupon no other will be acknowledged.
Dated 29th day of January, 1883.
D. NOWROJEE,
230] Hongkong Hotel.

TO be disposed of.—A First Class Millinery, Drapery and Outfitting Establishment in China. Established for upwards of 20 years.
Address A. B., Office of this paper.
Hongkong, 12th January, 1883. [135

INTIMATIONS.

ROYAL ITALIAN OPERA
THEATRE ROYAL,
CITY HALL, HONGKONG.

SECOND SUBSCRIPTION SERIES,
Commencing on
SATURDAY, 3rd February, 1883.

In deference to the wishes of a large body of Subscribers and the public generally the Directors beg to announce that the following Operas have been substituted for those previously advertised:—
"FAUST" BY GOUNOD.
"RUY BLAS" BY MARCHETTI
"IL BARBIERE DI SIVIGLIA" BY ROSSINI.
"IONE" BY PETRELLA.
"SAFFO" BY PACINI.
"CONTESSA D'AMALFI." BY PETRELLA.

SUBSCRIPTION PRICES FOR 6 NIGHTS
Dress Circle.....for 3 Seats..... $35.00.
Dress Circle..... „ 1 Seat .....$15.00.
Stalls..... „ 3 Seats.....$25.00.
Stalls..... „ 1 Seat .....$10.00.

The Plan of the Theatre is now on view at Messrs. Kelly & Walsh's, where Seats may be secured.
Hongkong, 26th January, 1883. [213

MAIL TABLES for 1883, being now ready, Purchasers of "The Chronicle and Directory" can now have their Copies on application.
"Daily Press" Office,
January 31st, 1883.

THE CHINA FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.
NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.

THE FOURTEENTH ORDINARY MEETING OF SHAREHOLDERS in the Company will be held at the Company's Office, 45, Queen's Road, Victoria, at Four o'Clock in the Afternoon of TUESDAY, the 20th February instant, for the purpose of receiving a Statement of Accounts and the Report of the Directors for the year ending 31st December, 1882.
The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from the 7th to the 20th instant, both days inclusive.
By Order,
JAS. B. COUGHTRIE,
Secretary.
Hongkong, 1st February, 1883. [245

NOTICE.

THE Business of GENERAL PRINTERS AND BOOKBINDERS hitherto conducted by the undersigned will henceforth be carried on under the style or firm of
GUEDES & Co.
Mr. F. D. GUEDES being the only partner in the firm.
DE SOUZA & Co.
Hongkong, 1st February, 1883. [246

FOR LONDON VIA SUEZ CANAL.
THE Steamship
"GLENLYON,"
Captain Gedge, will be despatched as above TO-MORROW, the 2nd February, 1883, at Noon.
For Freight or Passage, apply to
JARDINE, MATHESON & Co.
Hongkong, 1st February, 1883. [244

FOR SWATOW, AMOY, AND FOOCHOW.
THE Steamship
"KWANGTUNG,"
Captain Young, will be despatched for the above Ports TO-MORROW, the 2nd February, at Daylight, instead of as previously advertised.
For Freight or Passage, apply to
DOUGLAS LAPRAIK & Co.
Hongkong, 31st January, 1883. [238

SHIRE LINE OF STEAMERS.
FOR YOKOHAMA AND HIOGO.
THE Steamship
"MERIONETHSHIRE,"
Read, Commander, expected here on or about the 6th instant, will have immediate despatch for the above Ports.
For Freight or Passage, apply to
ADAMSON, BELL & Co.,
Agents.
Hongk

NOW READY.

CHRONICLE & DIRECTORY
FOR
CHINA, JAPAN, PHILIPPINES, BORNEO, STRAITS SETTLEMENTS, COCHIN CHINA, SIAM, &c.
FOR 1883.
With which is incorporated
THE CHINA DIRECTORY.

The issue for 1883 which is the TWENTY-FIRST ANNUAL PUBLICATION, has been considerably extended, both in the Directory proper and in the Appendix. The ports in BORNEO have been added to the former; whilst the latter includes in addition to the usual contents, the Treaty between BRAZIL and CHINA, the new regulations for the overland trade between RUSSIA and CHINA, the Revised Consular Regulations for the Treaty Ports of China, Pilotage Regulations and other additions.

The ALPHABETICAL LIST of FOREIGN RESIDENTS again has been much increased.

THE CHRONICLE AND DIRECTORY contains the following Lithographed MAPS and PLANS:—

CODE OF SIGNALS IN USE AT VICTORIA PEAK.
MAP OF THE ISLAND OF HONGKONG.
PLAN OF THE CITY OF VICTORIA.
NEW MAP OF THE FAR EAST.
PLAN OF THE CITY OF CANTON.
PLAN OF THE FOREIGN SETTLEMENTS AT SHANGHAI.
PLAN OF YOKOHAMA.
PLAN OF MANILA.
MAP OF THE TOWN AND ENVIRONS OF SINGAPORE.

The large Edition consists of over ONE THOUSAND pages of printed matter. It is indispensable in every Mercantile Office in the Far East and will be found a useful *vade mecum* to those travelling either on business or pleasure.

THE CHRONICLE AND DIRECTORY is published in Two Forms—Complete at $5; smaller edition $3.

Orders for Copies may be sent to the *Daily Press* Office, where it is published, or to the following Agents:—

MACAO .....Messrs. A. A. de Mello & Co.
SWATOW.....Messrs. Campbell & Co.
AMOY .....Messrs. Wilson, Nicholls & Co.
FORMOSA.....Messrs. Wilson, Nicholls & Co.
FOOCHOW .....Messrs. Hedge & Co.
NINGPO .....Messrs. Kelly & Walsh, S'ghai.
SHANGHAI .....Messrs. Hall & Holts.
SHANGHAI .....Messrs. Kelly & Walsh.
NORTHERN & RIVER PORTS .....Messrs. Hall & Holts and Kelly & Walsh, Shanghai.
NAGASAKI .....The C. and J. Trading Co.
HIOGO, OSAKA..The C. and J. Trading Co.
YOKOHAMA.....*Japan Gazette* Office.
MANILA .....Messrs. Viuda de Loysaga & Co.
SAIGON .....Mr. Crettier.
SINGAPORE.....Messrs. Sayle & Co.
BANGKOK .....Messrs. A. Bjurling & Co.
LONDON .....Mr. F. Algar, Clement's Lane.
LONDON .....Messrs. Geo. Street & Co.
LONDON .....Messrs. Bates, Hendy & Co.
SAN FRANCISCO.....Mr. L. P. Fisher, 21, Merchants' Exchange.
NEW YORK.....Messrs. S. M. Pettingill & Co., 37, Park Row.

Daily Press Office, 27th January, 1883.

NOTICE.

A. S. WATSON AND CO.,
FAMILY AND DISPENSING
CHEMISTS,
By Appointment to His Excellency the GOVERNOR and his Royal Highness the
DUKE OF EDINBURGH,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DRUGGISTS,
PERFUMERS,
PATENT MEDICINE VENDORS,
DRUGGISTS' SUNDRYMEN,
And
AERATED WATER MAKERS,

SHIPS' MEDICINE CHESTS REFITTED.
PASSENGER SHIPS SUPPLIED.

NOTICE.—To avoid delay in the execution of Orders it is particularly requested that all business communications be addressed to the Firm, A. S. WATSON and Co., or
HONGKONG DISPENSARY. [23

NOTICES TO CORRESPONDENTS.

Communications on Editorial matters should be addressed "The Editor," and those on business "The Manager," and not to individuals by name.

Correspondents are requested to forward their name and address with communications addressed to the Editor, not for publication, but as evidence of good faith.

All letters for publication should be written on one side of the paper only.

Advertisements and Subscriptions which are not ordered for a fixed period will be continued until countermanded.

Orders for extra copies of the *Daily Press* should be sent before 11 a.m. on the day of publication. After that hour the supply is limited.

The Daily Press.

HONGKONG, FEBRUARY 1ST, 1883.

THERE has been a great deal of talk in connection with the project for making a canal through the Isthmus of Kraw, but the enterprise seemed likely at one time to be entirely dropped. We confess to having been afflicted with a lack of faith in this latest canal project; the difficulties in the way of construction, the doubt whether the advantages to be gained by shipping in making use of such canal if completed would compensate for the great outlay of capital, and the chance of the Siamese Government finally deciding to refuse to make any concession to a foreign company to cut through their territory certainly appeared sufficiently serious obstacles to deter any but the most sanguine persons from proceeding with the scheme. Yet it is now obvious the French are so much in earnest that they intend to make the attempt if a survey of the country should prove its practicability. Beyond this, too, it is evident that the projectors have gained the ear of the authorities at Bangkok, for we read in the local paper that the Foreign Minister there, after entertaining the members of the French Government Surveying Party, placed at their disposal a gunboat to convey them to the isthmus, in which they started on their exploring expedition on the 15th January. It will thus be apparent that, in spite of the cold water thrown on to the project by Mr. ALABASTER—who certainly is as well qualified as any one in the East to pronounce a reliable opinion as to the practicability of the work—the Siamese Government, while abstaining from offering assistance, is not likely to place any difficulties in the way of its inauguration. It is stated that the King of SIAM suspends a decision as to granting any concession until the results of the survey are known. Captain LORTUS, surveyor to the King of Siam, has accompanied the expedition, and will probably make an independent report upon the survey. The proposed line of survey is first to Chanban Bay on the east coast and thence across the isthmus to Kraw. The party intend to return by another route. Considerable advantages may be expected from the survey, even if it should demonstrate the impossibility of constructing a canal across the isthmus for it cannot fail to result in the collection of much valuable information. Of course if the survey proves that a canal is practicable at an outlay of capital upon which a fair return might be reasonably expected, the scheme will then be placed before the public and may possibly some day become an accomplished fact, provided the Government of Siam raise no objections. As its construction would tend materially to promote the trade of Bangkok it is quite probable that the Siamese might prove favourable to the scheme, but we are inclined to put our faith on Mr. ALABASTER's statement that the canal would cost too much to yield a fair remuneration on the money sunk. No doubt that gentleman will be glad to have his opinion disproved by the survey party, but having regard to the nature of the country, which is said to be in some parts very hilly and difficult to penetrate, it is more likely they will return with an unfavourable report.

A RECENT visitor to Labuan gives a very discouraging account of that little colony. He tells us that after some thirty-six years of British rule, and the outlay of a large amount of British capital, there is nothing to show "beyond a decent-looking Government House "in rather a handsome park, a pretty little "church in rather a far off corner, a few "houses, the grounds of which are filled with "orange trees; the rest is all dilapidation. "Coal Point is a very picture of desolation. "Its wharf is abandoned and falling to pieces, "the engine houses, which cost thousands of "dollars, are unoccupied and falling into decay." This may be true enough of the coal mining industry, which has for some years been steadily declining, the output for 1881 being only 800 tons as compared with 1,529 tons in 1880, and 5,824 tons in 1876, but the returns of imports and exports certainly show no decrease. On the contrary they exhibit a steady and continuous increase over since 1875, for which year they stood as follows:—Imports, £119,362; exports, £114,332 while in 1881 they were—imports, £182,113; exports, £194,904. Considering that this very favourable increase has gone on in spite of the decline of the coal mining enterprise, it is pretty obvious that the description given by the visitor above quoted from our Straits contemporary can hardly be a fair one. It is true that Labuan has not quite answered the high expectations formed of its capabilities and position as a market of exchange for the produce of the adjacent territory of the Sultan of Brunei, but it must be remembered that the growth of Borneo has hitherto been very slow, the wants of its inhabitants few, and that Singapore has attracted a goodly proportion of the trade. True also is it that the revenue of Labuan has on several occasions fallen short of the expenditure, but in 1882 it more than met the expenditure owing to the reduction in the staff of officials. As the island has in the meantime been efficiently governed by Mr. HAMILTON, who succeeded Mr. TREACHER, now Governor of British North Borneo, it is to be hoped that Labuan will gradually improve its trade and accumulate a small balance to its credit for expenditure on public works. It is always easy to discover traces of apparent decay in a tropical place where any buildings have been at all neglected, for paint and colouring and wood soon deteriorate under the combined attacks of a fierce sun and heavy rains common to such latitudes; that the decay, however, is more seeming than real is plainly evidenced by the statistics given of the trade.

The delivery of the American mail was begun at 9.30 a.m. yesterday.

The Japanese steamer *Kumamoto Maru* left the Cosmopolitan dock yesterday.

The Russian corvette *Plastoun*, Captain Polianesky, left here yesterday for Saigon.

The San Francisco *Chronicle* publishes the following among its telegraphic brevities:—"Washington, December 26th.—Colonel Mosby, Consul in China, is said to have written a letter here in which he says Mahone is the most arbitrary and vindictive of tyrants. Mosby's friends say Mahone cannot remove Mosby, for the reason that he fears him; and as Mosby has a strong friend in General Grant, he cannot be removed."

We call the following anecdote from the *Shanghai Courier*:—Scene:—A steamer at one of the Riverine ports. On board comes a Customs officer with the ship's manifest to the Chief Officer, complaining of the irregularity of the entry, "no cargo," and remarking, "you should have written "nil!" "Nil?" said the officer. "Yes," replied the man in blue with gilt buttons, "don't you know what 'nil' means?" "Certainly I do," said the mate to the Customs officer, "That's what you are."

Commenting on the working of the Chinese Exclusion Act, the San Francisco *Call* says:—"The several decisions hostile to the Chinese Restriction law are beginning to bear fruit. Forty Chinese women were recently landed in Victoria, thirty-two of whom passed immediately into the United States. The recent decision by the Treasury Department allowing Chinese women to enter without certificates, if Chinese men could be found who would claim them as wives, prepared the way for this movement. Without doubt the other decision adverse to the law will soon show results. There is no way to limit the number of females who may be brought to this country under the fraudulent pretence that they are wives of Chinese labourers already here. Of the many decisions hostile to the law, that in reference to the admission of females is the worst. Every Chinese labourer in the country can import a woman by declaring that she is his wife. It is well known that no sense of shame prevents the average Chinaman from lending his name to any woman for a satisfactory consideration. Dealers in women can take advantage of the decision, and prepare statements or affidavits to be signed by Chinese labourers to the effect that a certain female on some incoming steamer is his wife. The female, once landed, can be subjected to the use for which she was bought. It is clear that an amendment to the Chinese Restriction Act will be needed to counteract the effect of adverse decisions. The opponents of Chinese immigration are justified by results in the course they have taken. Though the number of Chinese in the country has not sensibly diminished since the Act went into operation, its beneficial effects have already become visible. The fact that a limit has been placed upon the number of Chinese who may compete with white labourers for employment has already served to attract the latter to this coast. Evidences of an increase in population are visible on every side. The interior is becoming populous even more rapidly than this city. To insure a continuance in this tide of prosperity we only need a good local government, and an enforcement of the law prohibiting Chinese labourers from landing in the United States."

A telegram in a Californian contemporary dated New York, December 27th, says:—"Oscar Wilde sailed for Europe this morning by the Cunard steamer *Bothnia*. His departure is rather sudden. It had been supposed he intended to make a trip to China and Japan before returning to England."

A telegram in the San Francisco *Call*, dated St. Petersburg, December 22nd, says:—"Chinese in the province of Ili tortured and murdered, in October, two Cossacks and Russian clerks. At the Russian Consulate at Kuldja they are making an investigation. The Russian on the frontier are exasperated and threaten reprisals. The guards are reinforced."

In a San Francisco paper we find the following:—Victoria (B.C.), December 27th.—The steamship *C. T. Hook* arrived here on Christmas Day, thirty days from Hongkong, having on board 140 Chinese passengers for Honolulu and freight and several passengers for this place. The vessel experienced a very stormy passage, and will leave here for Portland to discharge and then goes to Honolulu with her passengers, thence back to San Francisco for Chinese again. Last Sunday night the steamship *Volmer*, which sailed from this port on the 15th inst. with several hundred Chinese as passengers for Hongkong, put back into port under stress of weather. After steaming out of the straits and when about 300 miles beyond Cape Flattery, the *Volmer* encountered a violent gale and heavy seas. Her decks were swept and her upper housework carried away. The cooking apparatus for the Chinese passengers was so seriously damaged that she was compelled to return to Esquimalt. During the prevalence of the storm one of the crew was dashed against the bulwarks, and had both legs broken, and the captain of the vessel also sustained painful injuries. The storm seems to have prevailed along the entire coast.

LATEST TELEGRAMS.

REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.

SUPPLIED TO THE "DAILY PRESS."

[FOR EASTERN EXTENSION, AUSTRALASIA, AND CHINA TELEGRAPH COMPANY'S LINE.]

LONDON, 30th January, 1883.

NEW COALITION MINISTRY IN FRANCE.

M. Ferry has declined to undertake the formation of a new cabinet. M. Fallieres has succeeded in forming a Coalition Cabinet, in which all the Ministers retain office except M. Duclerc, the Minister of War, and the Minister of Marine and Colonies.

M. Fallieres has been appointed Minister of Foreign Affairs in the interim.

LAW NOTICES.

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF HONGKONG.

THURSDAY, 1ST FEBRUARY, 1883.

IN BANKRUPTCY (before the Hon. Sir George Phillippo, Knt., Chief Justice, at noon.)—In the matter of Noormahomed Khamisa, bankrupt—(Motion for annulling bankruptcy).

In Registrar's Chambers (at 11 a.m.)—Kwok Pak and others v. Ng Tang—(Reference as to partnership account). (At 2 p.m.)—P. Mahomed Arab and others v. Mahomed E. Asgar and others.

MASONIC BALL LAST NIGHT.

Three years ago the Masons of the District of Hongkong and South China entertained their friends at a grand ball given in the City Hall. The unanimous testimony of those who had the pleasure of being present on that occasion was that a more enjoyable assembly or more magnificent spectacle had never before been seen in this part of the world. Two years were then allowed to pass without any general celebration by the craft, either in the shape of a banquet or ball, in consequence of the illness and subsequent death of the late lamented District Grand Master, R. Wor. Bro. T. G. Linstead. There being happily no such reason to restrain the flow of hospitality now, it was resolved that St. John's Day, 1882, should be celebrated by a ball, but as it was not convenient to hold it on the date on which that anniversary falls it was postponed until last night. Invitations had been issued almost broadcast, and the number of persons actually present was, we believe, considerably over eight hundred. The magnificent spectacle of 1880, if not altogether eclipsed by that of last night, was certainly more than rivalled. The decorations were as handsome, bright, and pleasing as it is possible to imagine them, and the spectator could not fail to be impressed by the exquisite taste and careful attention to detail with which they had been arranged.

His Excellency the Administrator, Mrs. Marsh, and other distinguished guests arrived soon after half-past nine, and were received with the ceremonial due to their rank and position. They were met by the District Grand Master, R. Wor. Bro. C. P. Chater, and the Deputy District Grand Master, V. Wor. Bro. W. S. Adams, while the Knights Templar, in their white robes, constituted a guard of honour and with their swords formed an arch of steel under which the guests passed to the staircase, which was lined on either sides by Grand Lodge Officers and Master Masons in their proper regalia. At the top of the stairs two beef-eaters were stationed, and two trumpeters, who announced the arrival of the guests by a blast on their trumpets, and beside these were stationed a couple of small pages who distributed the programmes. The District Grand Master escorted Mrs. Marsh to the ladies' room, and the D.D.G.M. took Mrs. Willes. Going from the ladies' room to the ball room, the Grand Lodge Officers formed a procession in front, afterwards opening out to let the guests pass between. Some little time having been allowed to admire the decorations, dancing was commenced, the District Grand Master leading off with Mrs. Marsh, and the Administrator with Mrs. Adams.

We have spoken of the spectacle as a magnificent one. Words of ours must fail to convey any adequate idea to the reader of the beauty, grace, and animation of which the City Hall was the scene last night, but we must at least endeavour to describe the decorations. Between the fountain and the entrance to the Hall a powerful Argand gas burner had been fitted up, which threw a brilliant light around. It was intended at one time to use the electric light, but this idea was given up. On the front of the building was a large gas illumination, in the form of an eight pointed star. At the entrance a porch had been erected lined with decorative matting and hung with Japanese lanterns. Passing through this we reach the entrance hall, the pillars of which were wreathed with evergreens, and festoons hung from one to the other. At either side of the foot of the staircase was a massive gilt pillar from the Masonic Hall, the one supporting the celestial and the other the terrestrial globe. Suspended between these was a gas illumination of the square and compasses with the letter "G" in the centre. On the first landing of the stairs was a Master's Pedestal, on which was the volume of the Sacred Law with crossed swords lying upon it. Hanging above this was a handsome mirror which reflected the striking and beautiful scene presented by the reception of the guests. Running along the walls of the staircase was a row of gas jets, and above the mirror was another large star in gas similar to the one outside the building. On the side walls were beautiful transparencies of Justice, Temperance, Fortitude, and Prudence. On the walls were also shields bearing the square and compasses. In the middle of the gallery above the staircase was another Master's Pedestal with the perfect ashlar on a crimson velvet cushion, and above this was hung a portrait of H. R. H. the Prince of Wales, Most Worshipful Grand Master, in his Masonic Clothing. Passing through the waiting room we noticed portraits of the late R. Wor. Bro. T. G. Linstead, District Grand Master; the late V. Wor. Bro. W. T. N. Mercer, Deputy Provincial Grand Master, and other celebrities, local and otherwise, including the Hon. Mrs. Aldworth, the lady who attempted to gratify her feminine curiosity by watching the working of a lodge from a place of concealment, but who was discovered and forthwith compelled to go through the ceremony of initiation. In a descriptive notice accompanying the picture we are informed that the lady subsequently attained well-merited distinction in the craft. In this room also we are struck by the minuteness with which the decorators had followed out masonic designs, even the gilt tacks used in fixing the upholstery of the ottomans having the square and compasses stamped on their heads. Passing into St. George's Hall the eye was arrested at once by the magnificent trophy of masonic emblems at the head of the room. Here the furniture and ornaments, not only of Blue Masonry and lodges and of the Royal Arch Chapters, but also of the orders of chivalry were artistically arranged, and were shown up by the light of a great number of candles. All the globes of the gasaliers in this room, as also in St. Andrew's Hall, had the square and compasses conspicuously painted upon them, and the same design was adopted with regard to the gas brackets on the walls. These brackets were surrounded by wreaths of evergreens and below these were hung the beautiful banners of the Israelitish tribes. The doorways and windows were draped with flags, and above each was a shield bearing a masonic device. The banners of the various local lodges were also displayed. Festoons of evergreens were gracefully run round the walls near the ceiling, and the gasaliers were entwined with moss. The general effect was one of great beauty and brilliance, with an absence of anything heavy or oppressive. The decorations in St. Andrew's Hall followed the same general design.

The music was supplied by the bands of the Buffs and the American flagship *Richmond*, which played alternately. The following is the programme:—

QUADRILLE ..... La Mascotte.
GALOP ..... Auf der Jagd.
WALTZ ..... My Queen.
LANCERS .....
POLKA ..... Drink, Puppy, Drink.
WALTZ ..... Très Jolie.
GALOP ..... Flick & Flock.
QUADRILLE ..... Javotte.
WALTZ ..... Dolores.
POLKA ..... Dividendon.
HIGHLAND SCHOTTISCHE ..... Comin' thro' the Rye.
WALTZ ..... Manuscript.

SUPPER.

GALOP ..... Ferry.
WALTZ ..... Les Sirenes.
LANCERS .....
WALTZ ..... Soldaten Lieder.
POLKA ..... Bella Bocca.
HIGHLAND SCHOTTISCHE ..... Keel Row.
WALTZ ..... Gaité.
WALTZ ..... Flower Show.
GALOP ..... Le Fouguenx.
WALTZ ..... Naples.

Supper was served in the theatre, tables being laid both in the pit and dress circle, while that for the District Grand Master, his Deputy, and the principal guests was laid on the stage. The scene as the company passed from the ball-rooms to supper was no less brilliant than that at the opening. The same order was preserved as regards the distinguished guests, who again passed under an arch of steel, this time formed by the Rosicrucians, who afterwards formed into lines between which the general company passed. No pains had been spared in the decoration of the theatre. The stage was arranged as a sylvan retreat, and looked charmingly cool and beautiful. The table was in horse-shoe form, the inner space being filled up with plants. In the pit the centre table was laid in the form of a square and compasses, while two others were in the form of the level, one in that of the plumb rule, and there were besides a couple of round tables. Above the stage was another design of the square and compasses with the letter "G," and the front of the dress circle was decorated with greenery, amongst which were stars of some bright material which flashed and scintillated in the brilliant light. Upstairs festoons of evergreens and Japanese lanterns were hung from pillar to pillar, and a number of shields were displayed.

We were unable to keep our columns open for a report of any speech-making that might take place, but we understand the only toasts to be proposed were those of the Queen and Craft, H. R. H. the Most Worshipful the Grand Master, and All Poor and Distressed Masons, and that brevity was to be the order of this part of the proceedings.

In conclusion we must congratulate the Masons on the success of their ball, and especially the Right Wor. the District Grand Master on the *éclat* with which he made his first public appearance in the exalted office into which he was recently installed.

The following gentlemen officiated as stewards:—

Dr. W. S. Adams.	Lieut.-Col. Hobson.
W. M. B. Arther.	W. K. Hughes.
Dr. P. B. C. Ayres.	J. C. Hughes.
L. C. Balfour.	W. Hynes.
Lieut. G. W. Balliston.	H. G. James.
E. Beart.	J. Keating.
J. S. Brewer.	E. K. Leigh.
C. P. Chater.	Dr. J. H. Lochhead.
J. T. Chater.	R. Lyall.
J. Christie.	D. Malver.
Lieut. T. Cochrane.	E. Mackean.
J. S. Cox.	J. Watters.
J. W. Croker.	L. Mallory.
W. Danby.	G. May.
Capt. J. N. Davis.	Sir W. Medhurst.
W. M. Deane.	H. N. Mody.
H. L. Dennys.	J. A. Mosely.
H. E. Denson.	S. R. Neate.
T. N. Driscoll.	G. Orley.
T. Edgar.	Lieut. G. A. Porter.
C. Ford.	E. C. Ray.
R. F. Smith.	W. H. Ray.
E. Georg.	Hon. P. Ryrie.
E. George.	Major-Gen. Sargent, C.B.
Rev. W. R. Gilbert.	D. Sayle.
D. Gillies.	E. U. Smith.
C. L. Gorham.	H. L. Stringer.
W. Goulbourn.	L. Wells.
C. Grant.	T. G. Williamson.
F. Hazeland.	H. E. Wodehouse.
F. W. Heinermann.	

The Invitation Committee was composed as follows:—

W. Bro. Deane.	W. Bro. J. Keating.
W. Bro. Adams.	Bro. W. Goulbourn.
Bro. Ayres.	Bro. C. Grant.
Bro. L. C. Balfour.	Bro. J. McWatters.
W. Bro. C. P. Chater.	W. Bro. G. May.
Bro. J. Christie.	Bro. H. N. Mody.
Bro. P. A. da Costa.	Bro. J. A. Mosely.
Bro. J. W. Croker.	Bro. E. Orley.
Bro. J. N. Davis.	Bro. W. H. Ray.
Bro. W. M. Deane.	Bro. H. L. Stringer.
Bro. H. L. Dennys.	Bro. L. Wells.
Bro. E. Georges.	Bro. E. Wodehouse.
Bro. E. Georg.	Bro. T. G. Williamson.
Rev. W. R. Gilbert.	

The following gentlemen were on the Decoration Committee:—

W. Bro. W. Danby.	W. Bro. C. L. Gorham.
Bro. G. W. Balliston.	Bro. W. Hynes.
Bro. E. Beart.	Bro. E. K. Leigh.
Bro. J. S. Brewer.	W. Bro. D. Sayle.
W. Bro. J. S. Cox.	Bro. S. W. Wright.
Bro. H. E. Denson.	Bro. D. Gillies.
Bro. Chas. Ford.	Bro. F. Hazeland.

The Supper Committee consisted of the following:—

W. Bro. W. K. Hughes, W. Bro. H. G. James.
W. Bro. W. M. B. Arther. W. Bro. L. Mallory.
W. Bro. J. T. Chater. W. Bro. R. C. Ray.
Bro. T. N. Driscoll. Bro. E. U. Smith.
Bro. R. F. Smith.

THE INQUIRY AS TO THE DEATH OF CAPTAIN LEE.

The inquiry was resumed at the Magistracy yesterday morning before the Coroner, Mr. H. E. Wodehouse, and Messrs. W. L. Scott, W. A. F. Schmidt, and G. M. de Carvalho as jury.

Mr. Francis, instructed by Messrs. Stephens and Holmes, again watched the case on behalf of Dr. Fisher. He said he had decided not to cross-examine Dr. Wharry, after consideration, as he did not think it would assist the case.

This being intimated to Dr. Wharry, that gentleman remained in court while Dr. Fisher gave his evidence, taking notes.

Dr. John Charles Fisher was then called, and in answer to his Worship said—I am a medical practitioner, and have practised in this colony about two years.

Mr. Francis—May I suggest to your Worship that your questions could be given with greater effect after he has given his evidence upon my examination.

His Worship—Dr. Fisher is a witness called by me at present, and I think this is the regular way of proceeding.

Mr. Francis—Hardly, when the person is represented by a professional man who is fully instructed as to what the witness has to say. It is for his professional adviser first to examine him, and after that the Coroner asks him what questions he thinks fit. That is the ordinary way.

His Worship—I think I will proceed with the examination myself.

His Worship to witness—With regard to the evidence which has been given, it has been stated that at a time when the deceased was suffering from diseased lungs, you administered to him nitrite of amyl, and there is evidence also that it is a dangerous medicine to administer under the circumstances. Are there any observations you would wish to make about it?

Witness—Only in the condition in which I found Capt. Lee, I did not think was a dangerous medicine to administer.

Do you wish to have the evidence upon that point read over?—No, not unless Mr. Francis desires it.

It is for you to say.

What were those circumstances?—Do you wish me to state that.

Yes, if you will, it is for your own sake.

Mr. Francis—I must say again, your Worship, that if you will allow me to put the questions to Dr. Fisher, I will elicit the whole thing from him very much more plainly and clearly. I am prepared to elicit the evidence by pertinent and direct questions.

His Worship—I will first ask the questions upon which I desire to get information, and you can examine Dr. Fisher afterwards.

Mr. Francis—You are asking the witness questions in a way which will take hours to get the evidence from him, when if you would allow me I am able from my instructions to put pertinent and direct questions which would elicit it in a very short time. If you will allow me, I will get out all about Dr. Fisher's connection with Captain Lee in about ten minutes.

His Worship to witness—What were those circumstances?

Witness—A man suffering from angina pectoris. He came to me on the 26th July after 12 o'clock suffering from a severe attack of angina pectoris.

His Worship—Well.

Mr. Francis to witness—Do not answer the question put in that way, Dr. Fisher. I advise you only to answer direct pertinent questions put to you, and no general questions. If you answer any question answer it directly.

His Worship having read out the answer to witness, asked him if he had any further answer to make.

Mr. Francis pointed out that his Worship had not taken down the first sentence of the answer, and he urged his Worship to take it down.

His Worship again asked the witness if what he had taken was correct.

Mr. Francis urged that the matter was now passed and that the whole of what the witness had stated should be taken down, and not any part left out.

His Worship—I am not obliged to take down every word that is said; I simply take down that which is pertinent.

Mr. Francis—It is clearly laid down by Jervis that that is what you are to do.

His Worship having asked to see that part, Mr. Francis read out the same extract as to the mode of taking evidence which he read upon a previous occasion; and he urged that it would avoid all trouble if his Worship would let him first examine Dr. Fisher, and himself question the witness in any way he desired afterwards. This extract was important to consider, especially when the ordinary course in which inquiries were conducted was departed from.

His Worship said to avoid any further argument he would put the words in, though he believed he was quite right in the way in which he was conducting the inquiry. The words were of no importance. He explained to the witness that he had called him to make any observations he wished to make to the court, but if he, through his counsel, declined to make any observations, he could do so, and his counsel might put any questions to him he pleased. Dr. Fisher could make any evidence he pleased on the evidence in so far as it reflected on him, but if he was prepared to make no observations, he had no questions to ask him.

Mr. Francis—My advice to you, Dr. Fisher, is to say that you decline to make any observations, but are prepared to answer any questions I may put to you.

Dr. Fisher—I have no observations to make.

His Worship—Then that is all the evidence I propose to call.

Mr. Francis—Then I request permission to call Dr. Fisher as a witness.

Mr. Francis repeated the former question as to the time witness had been practising in the colony, and he then asked how long Dr. Fisher had been practising as a medical man.

Dr. Fisher—Twelve years.

Are you a doctor of medicine?—Yes.

Of what college?—The University of Fort Waine of Indiana.

Is that a recognised university by the Medical Association?—It is a member of the Medical College.

The object of that Association is, I think, to maintain the standard of medical education in the States?—Yes.

Did you obtain that diploma by purchase or examination?—By examination.

Have you been in the United States services?—I have been house Surgeon in the United States Naval Hospital at San Francisco. I have also been in the female hospital of that city for twelve months. I have also been in the employ of the Occidental and Oriental Steamship Co. for about two years as ship's surgeon.

Do you keep yourself supplied with the latest English and American works?—Yes.

When you get them do you read them or keep them uncut in your library?—I read them.

When did you first see Captain Lee?—On the 26th July last year. He came to my house; it was after twelve o'clock at night. He asked me to give him a hypidermic injection. He told me he wanted it to relieve him from severe pain from which he was suffering.

Did he describe this pain to you?—Yes, he said he had an acute pain on the left side of his chest extending up to his shoulder and into the left arm, and he complained of numbness of the fingers of the left hand. He said he had been in the habit of taking it very frequently to relieve this pain, and he wanted a large dose.

Did you give him this hypidermic injection?—Yes.

Did it afford him relief?—Yes.

Is this severe pain such as you have described, is it a well known symptom of any disease?—Angina pectoris.

When did you see Captain Lee again professionally?—On the 23rd December. I had not seen him professionally between that time and July, but I saw him one day when I was sent for to go on board the *Yangtsze* to attend a female passenger. On the 23rd December I saw him in my room over the Victoria Dispensary; it was after one o'clock in the morning.

It was really on the 24th then?—Yes.

How came you to see him there?—I was sent for from the Dispensary. I went and found Captain Lee in bed, and I was asked to relieve him from the pain from which I had relieved him before.

Did you give him the same hypidermic injection?—Yes, the same.

What was he suffering from on this occasion?—The same pain for which I had formerly prescribed for him.

Had you any doubt then as to the disease he was suffering from?—No, sir.

After all you have heard said, and all you have read, have you any doubt at all now?—No, sir.

Beyond giving him this hypidermic injection did you do anything for him that night?—No, sir.

Did you understand that you were sent for specially to do that, the Dispensary people having declined to give him?—I understood so afterwards, but not before.

I understand you saw Capt. Lee a day or two afterwards in the Dispensary?—Yes.

Did you speak to him then about using this morphine injection?—Yes, sir. I advised him to discontinue his taking these hypidermic injections of morphine and the use of morphine in any shape on account of its bad effects upon the system generally.

What are those bad effects?—The long continued use of opium in any shape would be accumulative, and must wreck the nervous system, and necessitates the use of increasing doses every time in order to be effective.

Did you recommend him anything else in the place of this morphine?—I recommended nitrite of amyl, and I then gave an order in the Dispensary for an ounce to be put up for him. It was to be divided into three bottles, and to be sent to me.

Why did you give directions for them to be sent to you?—To instruct him in the use of it.

Were they sent to you?—Yes.

When did you see Capt. Lee again?—On the 28th of December. He came to me in my office over the Dispensary some time between ten and twelve o'clock. I had someone with me at that time, and Capt. Lee had to wait a little time, and when I saw him, he complained of the same pains from which he had suffered on the 23rd and on the 26th July. I do not know whether the attack came on while he was waiting, or before he came in.

Did you do anything for him?—I administered nitrite of amyl for his relief.

Did you administer that out of your own stock?—Out of one of the bottles which had been prepared for him.

What dose did you administer?—Seven to ten drops, which I put upon a piece of absorbent cotton and let him smell.

While Captain Lee was with you did he undergo any examination as to his general health?—Yes. The nitrite of amyl relieved him in ten or fifteen minutes.

Do you use amyl nitrite largely in your practice?—Yes.

Do you always carry it about with you?—I make a rule to do so.

Has it any such after effects on, those you mention of morphine?—Nothing.

Did you carefully examine Captain Lee's lungs?—Yes, sir. Captain Lee made a statement to me as to the previous state of his lungs. He said he had been examined by physicians in different places who had told him that his lungs were diseased, and that his life would probably be a short one.

Did he make use of any expression with reference to his disease?—He said he had been told by the gentleman who examined him that he was suffering from galloping consumption, to use his own words. When I examined him I found by percussion that the upper lobes of both lungs were consolidated, but owing to the state of Captain Lee's breathing after having recovered from this attack, I was unable by ossultation to discover any signs of acute disease of the lungs.

Was Captain Lee suffering from any other disease of the chest or lungs at the time you examined him?—No; he was suffering distinctly from angina pectoris.

Did you examine his heart?—Yes, sir; and I found valvular disease or disease of the mitral valve.

How did you come to that conclusion?—I heard a murmur which led me to think that regurgitation existed.

What was the matter with the valve?—Insufficiency.

Dr. Wharry—Would that be before death or after.

Mr. Francis—I object to your asking any question, Dr. Wharry.

Dr. Wharry—I am asking the Coroner a question; I believe anyone has the right to do that.

Mr. Francis—Yes, you can ask him what o'clock it is, but you cannot take part in this inquiry.

And what would be the result of that insufficiency?—It would cause regurgitation which is a flowing back of the blood through the mitral valve, the effect of which would be to confine the blood in the left ventricle after death; after the last contraction some of the blood ejected from the left ventricle would find its way back to the heart.

Did you find any other signs of weakening or disease of the heart?—I found distinct signs of roughening of the aortic valve.

Would that account for what has been stated as to the atharomatous particles upon the valve at the *post mortem*?—Yes.

Dr. Wharry—There were no atharomatous particles.

His Worship—Thank you, Dr. Wharry.

Mr. Francis to witness—Did you examine Capt. Lee's throat?—Yes, sir; when he came to me he was very much wrapped up with scarves. He said he was very much afraid of exposing his throat from how he had been cautioned. I examined his throat, and found no disease of the larynx.

Did you say anything as to his voice?—Yes, I told him I thought he need have no fear of disease of the larynx, as his voice was too good to indicate any disease of it whatever.

Were those remarks given with reference to the state of his lungs or his throat?—Only of his throat.

What did you tell him with reference to the state of his lungs?—I told him that his lungs were not sound, that I had found consolidation existing in the upper part of both lungs, but that I did not agree with the information that had been given him before that he was in immediate danger of death from the condition in which I found his lungs. I cautioned him to be as careful as possible in his living, to be cautious in every way and to avoid the least chance of excess.

If he had lived with care did you form an opinion as to how long he might have lived?—No, it is difficult.

Did you or not, yes or no?—Yes, I thought he might live two or three years, but I did not tell him so. I told him I thought his greatest immediate danger was from his heart, and it was that which made me caution him in the way in which I did.

Is it correct that you cautioned Mr. McLeish that Captain Lee might die at any moment from disease of the heart?—Yes, sir.

Was that equally your opinion after the examination you made of him?—Yes, sir.

Have you seen any reasons since to alter your opinion?—No, sir.

Was it after that examination that you gave Captain Lee those three bottles of amyl nitrite?—Yes, sir; I gave him directions to use it as I had used it on him. I told him the quantity he was to use at a time was not to exceed ten drops.

Did it make any difference in your opinion as to the propriety of using this amyl nitrite after you had examined him and found his lung diseased?—No, sir, because I thought it was the medicine most urgently required by the symptoms.

Do you know of any other medicine of equal efficacy with this amyl nitrite in cases of angina pectoris?—Not that I ever heard of. It is a medicine which has been extensively used and strongly recommended by the leading men of the faculty for the last ten years.

Have you had other cases of angina pectoris on your hands?—Yes, I have had five other cases, and I have used amyl nitrite in cases of asthma, fainting, and a number of other things.

Has your previous experience of it given you any reason to suppose that the use of it affects the respiration in any way?—No, not that I know of.

There are some statements in medical works to that effect, I think?—Yes, sir.

From which of those two diseases—disease of the heart or disease of the lungs was Capt. Lee most in danger?—From disease of the heart in my estimation.

And any injury which might be done to the lungs by the use of it would be more than compensated by the immediate relief and safety of ected in angina pectoris?—I think so.

Has anything you have heard in this inquiry altered your opinion in that respect?—No, sir.

And in similar circumstances you would do precisely the same thing to-morrow?—I would.

When Capt. Lee left on the 24th did you ever see him again or prescribe for him?—Never, sir; but I told him at the time also to get a bottle of Fellows's syrup, which is considered a lung stimulant, and a strong tonic.

Mr. Lowe has said the deceased told him you said he was suffering from severe cold, was he suffering from cold when you saw him?—He had strong bronchial symptoms.

Did you have any official intimation of the death of Capt. Lee; was any communication made to you by Dr. Clouth?—No, sir.

Had you any notice of the *post mortem*?—No, sir.

As the last medical man who attended the deceased during life, from what, in your opinion, did he die?—He died, in my opinion, from angina pectoris. He was suffering from that disease when I saw him, and from what he told me he had been suffering from it for some time.

From what you have seen of the evidence, is it also possible that he died

think in accordance with the evidence. As I said before, it seems to me to be only a matter of probability; the doctors seemed very unwilling to give direct answers to the questions, and it seems the more acquainted they become with the difficulties of the human system, the more they feel the responsibility of giving direct answers to the questions. It is impossible to give a hard and fast answer which may be upset by some theory which they had overlooked for the moment. I do not think I need give you any further remarks, and I will leave you now to consider your verdict.

The jury retired for a few minutes, and on their return to the court the foreman, Mr. Scott, said—We have come to the conclusion, there being no direct evidence as to the cause of Capt. Lee's death, that we must give a verdict of misadventure.

His Worship—Is the meaning of your verdict, gentlemen, that death occurred, and there is not sufficient evidence to show the cause of it?

Mr. Scott—Yes, that is the meaning—perhaps in taking an overdose of a drug or something else.

His Worship—You mean you have no opinion one way or the other as to whether death was by natural means or otherwise, and if that is so I think it would be best to alter the wording of your verdict, otherwise it may convey a different meaning to that intended. It would, perhaps, be best to state that death resulted from cessation of the heart's action, but from what cause there is not sufficient evidence to show.

The verdict was entered thus, and his Worship thanked the jury for the patience and intelligence with which they listened to this long inquiry.

The proceedings then terminated.

POLICE COURT.

31st January.

BEFORE CAPT. H. G. THOMSETT, R.N.

A SUSPICIOUS CHARACTER.

Wan Achai was charged by P. C. 325 with being in possession of house-breaking implements.

The constable said he saw defendant sitting under a verandah; he spoke to him when defendant ran away. The policeman captured and searched him when there proved to be the implements (in court) upon him.

The defence being that the implements belonged to another man. Defendant was fined $10, or one month's hard labour.

DRUNK AND INCAPABLE.

Leong A Cheun was charged with this offence. He admitted it, and was fined $1.

INTENT TO COMMIT A FELONY.

Wong A Mün was charged with being in a house with intent to commit a felony.

The owners of the house testified to seeing the defendant enter through some broken bars at the door at his house. He jumped up and seized defendant calling out "thief!" A constable came up and arrested the defendant.

Wong A Mün said he did not go inside the house.

Sentenced to one month's hard labour.

THEFT.

Leong Achoi was brought up for stealing a jacket on the 30th instant.

Ling A Chin, shopkeeper, said last night he was in the Police Cell for being drunk. Defendant was in the same cell. This morning he missed his jacket when he went with defendant to the search room, defendant having his jacket on under his own. Complainant was wearing it when he went to the cell.

Defendant said he was cold and so took the jacket to keep himself warm.

Sentenced to three months' hard labour.

THE FRENCH EXPEDITION TO TONQUIN.

The subjoined telegrams are taken from the papers received yesterday by the American mail:—

PARIS, 23rd December.

At a meeting of the Council to-day President Grévy presided. The expedition to Tonquin was discussed, and it was decided that the details should be brought forward in the Chamber on the opening of the session in January, when they will be definitely settled. In the meantime, reinforcements will be sent to strengthen the position of the Commander at Hanoi.

PARIS, 24th December.

At a meeting of the Council yesterday, it was decided that a vote of credit for the Tonquin expedition was not urgent now, as the departure of the Chinese troops from Tonquin had greatly facilitated matters and rendered the dispatch of the expedition not immediately necessary. The withdrawal of the troops was brought about by the vigorous representations of the French Ambassador at Peking. A force of 750 infantry will be sent to Tonquin as a reinforcement at present. If this is insufficient, then only will the Government ask the Chambers for a grant of means to insure the treaty of 1874 being respected.

PARIS, 27th December.

The *Liberté* reports that a French Commission will be sent to Tonquin with a draft of a new treaty, more clearly defining the rights of France in that province. The demands of the treaty will be supported by an expedition of 4,500 troops, which will occupy the chief fortresses of the country.

THE AMERICAN MAIL.

The O. and O. steamer *Belgic*, Capt. Cameron, with the American mail of the 28th December, arrived here yesterday morning. The subjoined items are taken from our San Francisco files:—

UNITED STATES.

WHITTIER'S BIRTHDAY ANNIVERSARY.

BOSTON, 17th December.

Whittier is celebrating his seventy-fifth birthday anniversary, and says:—"It is rather a queer thing to congratulate a man upon the fact that he is seventy-five years old," smilingly adding, "Perhaps it is something to live so long in this wicked world." He thought the New England climate somewhat trying, and quaintly said:—"I am a New Englander and love New England, but my seventy-five years living here has failed to acclimate me." He says he is doing very little literary work this winter. He has many tokens on this occasion, including a number from England.

SUCCESSFUL TRANSIT OBSERVATIONS.

NEW YORK, 23rd December.

Professor Young of the Princeton College gives the result, so far as ascertained, of the recent observations throughout the country of the transit of Venus. He says they were successful beyond expectation. The returns from forty home stations and from ten foreign station show that at thirty-four of these the third and fourth contacts were observed, and at twenty-four the first and second. At Santiago, Chili, both the American and Belgian parties were entirely successful in all their experiments.

MRS. LANGTRY IN PHILADELPHIA.

NEW YORK, 23rd December.

A *Star* Philadelphia special of December 22nd says:—Mrs. Langtry has been interviewed. She speaks highly of the women of Philadelphia, considering them handsomer than any others she has seen in America. She complained of the annoyance she was continually exposed to of being followed around by curiosity-seekers. Frederick Gebhardt passed the greater portion of the day with her yesterday. He took breakfast with her alone, and also lunch. At 3 o'clock his brougham arrived, and the two started off shopping together. In a Chestnut-street jewelry store Gebhardt purchased a $50 fan for Mrs. Langtry and some other small articles. All the movements of the couple were closely watched, in the meanwhile, by a crowd of a hundred persons or more, who had recognised the Lily immediately upon her leaving her carriage. At last the annoyance became so great that Mrs. Langtry fairly ran back to the carriage, closely followed by her knight-errant. The spirited team of bays was driven at a rattling gait, and just as the crossing of the Reading Railway depot was reached the warning bell rang and the gates were lowered. The horses dashed under the descending gates on the north side, but did not reach the southern gates until they were down, so that the team was fairly at the mercy of the approaching locomotive. At this critical moment the gateman threw up the gate and gave the team time to escape.

NEW YORK, 25th December.

The *Sun* says: "Bouquet Johnny," the widely-known flower peddler, is a Langtry victim. Whether his regard for the beauty was a matter of sentiment or business is a matter of conjecture, but it is certain that he has decided to give her an immense and costly bouquet. In Philadelphia he went to her hotel, sent up his card and was met by a handsome young woman, to whom he handed the flowers, with a neat speech. She accepted the gift very graciously, and he retired in a state of wild delight, only to be plunged down to the depths of the deepest despair by learning that he had only seen Mrs. Langtry's maid.

A LABOURER WITHIN THE MEANING OF THE ACT.

WASHINGTON, 26th December.

In answer to an inquiry on the subject the Treasury Department has decided that a Chinese wet nurse must be considered a labourer, and as such is excluded from the United States under the provision of the act restricting Chinese immigration.

A NATIVE MISSIONARY TO CHINA.

NEW YORK, 27th December.

The Chinese Christian missionary, Kam Sing, left here for Canton, via San Francisco, this morning. The members of the Chinese Young Men's Christian Association gave him Godspeed. He is the first native-born Chinaman ever sent as a missionary from here, and will be supplied by the Trinity and Fifty-third-street Baptist Churches. He will work with the Rev. Dr. Graves, who for twenty-six years has been a missionary in China.

A PRO-CHINESE TEMPERANCE AGITATOR.

CHICAGO, 27th December.

George Babcock, formerly a well-known St. Louis lawyer, and for the past two years engaged in temperance work in the Golden State, states that all the saloons there are kept open on Sunday, and the saloon-keepers regard the Sabbath, from a business point of view, as better than any two week days. He states that there are 8,568 saloons in that State, or about one to every ninety-nine persons, including men, women and children and Chinese, and one to every fifteen voters. Colonel Babcock also says: "In San Francisco there is more crime than in any other city in the country, in proportion to its population, and statistics show that it is due to whisky. The result is that the Chinese are at present an absolute necessity as workingmen, and remove them at once would be a most serious injury to the industries of San Francisco and the State."

CANADA.

NEW TERRITORIES IN THE DOMINION.

OTTAWA, Ont., 18th December.

The range of the country lying between the western limits of Manitoba and the eastern boundary of British Columbia, has been divided into four territorial divisions, named Assiniboine, Saskitchwar, Alberta and Athabasha. New Post Offices have been established, and regulations for the directions of mail matter to those offices are published in the official gazette.

THE CANADIAN PACIFIC.

MONTREAL, 27th December.

The land-grant bonds of the Canadian Pacific Railroad have all been sold by the Bank of Montreal, and the accounts closed. The Canadian Pacific Railroad Company will issue stock for $75,000,000 on the European and American markets.

WEST INDIES.

THE KINGSTON, JAMAICA FIRE.

NEW YORK, 21st December.

The United States Consul at Greytown, in an account of the Kingston fire, said everything is gone. The entire business part of Kingston is a mass of ruins, and the suffering and waste is indescribible. The panic-stricken population streamed down upon the wharves in their efforts to escape the flames. The *Alvos'* boats were sent ashore, and upward of 250 refugees were fed and cared for on board the steamer. The authorities of Kingston have ordered that shingle-roof buildings no longer be erected. As to the origin of the conflagration, it seems that a number of boys were smoking in a lumber yard, when one of them, frightened by the approach of his father, threw his cigar in a pile of shavings and chips, and, with his companions, fled. The fire communicated to the lumber piles, and in an instant was beyond control and burning fiercely. Several persons perished in the flames.

SOUTH AMERICA.

A STORY ABOUT GUATEMALA.

WASHINGTON, 23rd December.

For a few days past there has been considerable quiet talk among a few gentlemen close to the Administration, to the effect that the Junta of Guatemala was about to take a step that not only would be startling, but would excite the deepest interest both in this country and in Europe. It is said the step which the Junta proposes to take is to pass a resolution asking the privilege of admission as one of the United States. As is well known, difficulty has existed for a long time about the boundary line between Guatemala and Mexico and it was understood the sole purpose of Barrios' visit to this country last summer, was to get the United States to interfere and settle the difficulty. A leading member of the House is reported to have said that if the matter came before Congress in any shape he should favour it. He said that the admission of Guatemala would be only the first move toward getting possession of Mexico, and when Guatemala was part of the United States it would not be long before the other South American States would be knocking at our doors for admission. "It may be," he said, "Mexico will not come to us peaceably, and we certainly shall not force her, but there are indications of trouble brewing on account of our railroad interests there, and out of this trouble annexation may ultimately come."

BOLIVIA AND CHILI.

NEW YORK, 26th December.

Peruvian dates to the 7th state that Montero is in Arequipa, disbanding his men. He promises to attend a conference in La Paz, at which terms of truce between Bolivia and Chili, already decided upon, will be discussed, prior to ratification with the Chilian commissioner, who is to visit Bolivia for the purpose. Another proof that a turn in the tide is about taking place is afforded by the action of the Bolivian conference and the utterances of President Salinas at the reception of General Manly, the newly appointed United States Minister. On presenting his credentials, General Manly made a lengthy speech, in which he said that while the United States felt the warmest friendship for Bolivia, they were anxious to see peace established and to promote which, within the proper sphere, it would cordially contribute by every possible means. Señor Salinas answered:—"If Bolivia and Peru at any time entertained hopes that the Government of the United States would interfere energetically in the war on the Pacific in order to obtain a just settlement, such hopes were not without foundation, since they were based on a policy which was openly declared by Blaine and the declarations of General Hurlbut. Such authentic declarations were certain to inspire some faith in those states which were the victims of injustice."

EUROPE.

ENGLAND'S INTENTIONS IN EGYPT.

LONDON, 23rd December.

A despatch to the *Times* from Paris says that England proposes to send a note to the Powers, including France, explaining what she intends doing for the organization of the Government in Egypt. England decided to send the note because it was evident that Duclerc, President of the French Council, influenced by considerations connected with the maintenance of his position, would not otherwise either come to an agreement with England nor break off negotiations. The correspondent adds that the great majority of the Powers would be willing to assist British protection over Egypt.

OFFICIAL CHANGES IN IRELAND.

DUBLIN, 27th December.

Wm. Johnson, Attorney-General for Ireland and Member of Parliament for Mallow, has accepted the vacant Judgeship on the Queen's Bench in the division of Her Majesty's High Court of Justice in Ireland. Andrew M. Porter, Solicitor-General, will succeed Johnson as Attorney-General, and John Naish, Law Adviser to the Crown, will become Solicitor-General. Naish will be a candidate for the seat in the House of Commons, made vacant by Johnson's acceptance of the Judgeship.

AFFAIRS IN IRELAND.

LONDON, 24th December.

Dávitt, in a speech at Wolverhampton last night, summed up the present condition of Ireland as one of famine, discontent and coercion. He considered the prevailing distress to be owing to an unjust system of land laws, rack-rent and discouragement of every form of trade revivals. The remedy consisted in the turning of a great part of the grass lands into cultivation and the introduction of a system of loans to oppressed tenants in order to enable them to tide over the coming winter.

A largely attended meeting was held here last night for the purpose of organising a fund to relieve distress in Ireland. Many telegrams and letters from clergymen, including Archbishop Croke, were read, describing the outlook as gloomy and appalling, and stating that people are on the verge of famine. A resolution was passed urging the Government to take steps to prevent the people in Ireland from perishing from want of the necessaries of life.

DUBLIN, 24th December.

A summons has been served upon O'Brien, editor of *United Ireland*, requiring him to appear and answer to the charge of seditious libel.

DUBLIN, 25th December.

The Government has ordered the prosecution of Harrington, Secretary of the Organizing Committee of the Irish National League, for a speech delivered at a meeting in Mulligan, Monday night. He said the most prosperous farmers must be told that if they do not throw themselves into this new movement they would have the full force of the labourers' agitation directed against them. Prosecutions are pending against the proprietors of various provincial journals for articles inciting crime.

The article in the *United Ireland*, headed "Accusing Spirits," refers to the execution of Hynes, Walsh, Myles, Joyce and the Loughmask murderers, and is an attempt to show that they were hanged upon the principle that somebody must be hanged, the right person if possible, but at all events, somebody.

LONDON, 25th December.

It is said that owing to the absence of an official reporter at the meeting in the Waterford, addressed by Biggar, Member of Parliament for Cavan, the Government possesses no legal proof concerning his statements, and will have difficulty in conducting a prosecution against him.

DUBLIN, 25th December.

Mr. Biggar, M.P., has gone to Holyhead to avoid service of a summons in his prosecution.

CORK, 25th December.

A party of moonlighters were surprised near Castle Island Saturday night by the police patrol. The officers captured all, after an exchange of shots in which one of the marauders was wounded.

LIMERICK, 25th December.

A riot occurred in Denmark-street Christmas night between soldiers and civilians. The latter attacked the military and a free fight ensued, the soldiers using their belts. The soldiers were badly handled, owing to the numerical superiority of their assailants. The police eventually quelled the disorder.

PROPOSED FRENCH EXPEDITION TO CENTRAL AFRICA.

PARIS, 27th December.

The Government has introduced into the Chambers a credit of 1,275,000 francs for De Brazza's expedition. The report of the committee on De Brazza's mission states that he considered it possible to complete the exploration of the Upper Congo in two years. De Brazza's object is to maintain the position already achieved by founding eight chief and twelve minor stations, forming a chain to Brazzaville from Gaboon and from the sea. In order to mark the friendly character of the mission it goes under the auspices of the Ministers of Foreign Affairs and Public Instruction.

DISTRESS IN ICELAND.

LONDON, 27th December.

The acting Governor of Iceland, the Bishop and other persons of note, in a communication to the *Times*, say:—"Notwithstanding the large donations received, there must be great distress from want of food in Iceland during the winter.

RUSSIA AND THE VATICAN.

BERLIN, 23rd December.

The *Germania* states that the understanding between Russia and the Vatican is as follows: Reinstatement of the Russian Embassy at the Vatican; amnesty to Polish Bishops; reinstatement of the Archbishop of Wars; a new Bishop to be appointed after the understanding between Russia and the Vatican; appointments to important livings in Russia to be submitted to the Russian Government; the States of Russia to exercise a certain right of supervision over the seminaries; the Uniates to have liberty to return to the Catholic Church.

MISCELLANEOUS ITEMS.

LONDON, 23rd December.

The Queen, Princess Beatrice and the Duke and Duchess of Edinburgh visited the Haslar Naval Hospital, at Portsmouth, to-day and conferred decorations on a number of convalescent patients who took part in the late war in Egypt.

PRAGUE, 23rd December.

The great trial of fifty Socialists has ended. One of the prisoners, a disciple of Herr Most, was sentenced to two years' imprisonment; forty four of them were sentenced to prison, the terms varying from six months to a fortnight. The remaining five were acquitted.

ST. PETERSBURG, 23rd December.

Lieutenant Yorber telegraphs from Yakoutz that he has arrived there with the bodies of De Long and his companions.

BRUSSELS, 25th December.

While the trial of the Peltzier brothers for the murder of Bernays was progressing, popular risings were feared both here and in Antwerp if Peltzier should be acquitted, so the Government took precautions to prevent any disorders.

PARIS, 25th December.

Prince Krapotkine, under arrest at Lyons, was examined for three hours. He answered "No," simply, to all questions. The Prince is kept in solitary confinement, not even the police in charge being allowed to speak to him.

BERLIN, 25th December.

There is a great stir among the German press in consequence of the arrest at Vienna of a Berlin journalist, who fled to Austria to avoid fulfillment of a sentence to eight months' imprisonment for libelling Bismarck.

LONDON, 26th December.

The *Times'* correspondent at Rome, referring to the demonstrations growing out of the execution, at Trieste, of Overdank, says the language of the Intransigeant Press is becoming atrocious. The *Legadella Democrazia* expresses the hope that the Emperor of Austria will be choked in his bed.

The *Times* correspondent at St. Petersburg learns from a Government source that the Emperor and Empress have decided to take a trip in the early Spring to Copenhagen, where the Russian Church will be inaugurated.

LONDON, 26th December.

A correspondent of the *Standard* at Vienna says: Count Andrassy has had a long interview with Emperor Francis Joseph, which is supposed to imply that he will again shortly be called to the Ministry of Foreign Affairs.

PARIS, 26th December.

The Chamber of Deputies adopted the bill granting subventions to the public schools after an animated debate. During the discussion De Cassagnac was called to order, and subsequently formally censured by the President of the Board.

MADRID, 27th December.

King Alfonso, replying to the Christmas congratulations of the Chamber of Deputies, said:—"The movement for the concentration of important public forces around my throne and dynasty increases. My hope is in seeing the whole of Spain animated by a feeling of attachment to our traditional monarchy."

Thames-Street Industries, by Percy Russell. This Illustrated Pamphlet on Perfumery, &c., published at 6d., may be had gratis from any Chemist or dealer in perfumery in the World, or John Gosnell and Co., London.—[Advt.] [631

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE.

WEDNESDAY, 31st January.

EXCHANGE.

ON LONDON.—

Bank Bills, on demand	3/7¾
Bank Bills, at 30 days' sight	3/7¼
Bank Bills, at 4 months' sight	3/8¼
Credits, at 4 months' sight	3/8½
Documentary Bills, at 4 months' sight	3/8½

ON PARIS.—

Bank Bills, on demand	4.58
Credits, at 4 months' sight	4.68

ON BOMBAY.—Bank, 3 days' sight	226
ON CALCUTTA.—Bank, 3 days' sight	226

ON SHANGHAI.—

Bank, sight	71¾
Private, 30 days' sight	73

SHARES.

Hongkong and Shanghai Bank Shares—150 per cent. premium ex New Issue.

Hongkong and Shanghai Bank Shares—New Issue 140 per cent. premium.

Union Insurance Society of Canton, Limited—$1,850 per share.

China Traders' Insurance Company's Shares—$1,610 per share.

North China Insurance—Tls. 1,225 per share.

Yangtsze Insurance Association—Tls. 870 per share ex Dividend.

Chinese Insurance Company, Limited—$230 per share.

On Tai Insurance Company, Limited—Tls. 148 per share.

Canton Insurance Office, Limited—$135 per share.

Hongkong Fire Insurance Company's Shares—$1,140 per share.

China Fire Insurance Company's Shares—$322½ per share.

Hongkong and Whampoa Dock Company's Shares—50 per cent. premium.

Hongkong, Canton, and Macao Steamboat Co.'s Shares—333 per share, premium.

Indo-China Steam Navigation Co.'s Shares—par.

China and Manila Steamship Company, Limited, —30 per cent. premium for cash.

Hongkong Gas Company's Shares—$32 per share.

Hongkong Hotel Company's Shares—$125 per share.

China Sugar Refining Company, Limited—$195 per share.

China Sugar Refining Company (Debentures)—3 per cent. premium.

Luzon Sugar Refining Company, Limited—$116 per share.

Hongkong Ice Company's Shares—$170 per share.

Hongkong and China Bakery Company, Limited —$65 per share.

HONGKONG TEMPERATURE.

FROM MESSRS FALCONER & Co.'S REGISTER.)

January 31st.

Barometer—9 A.M.	30.054
Barometer—1 P.M.	30.035
Barometer—6 P.M.	30.035
Thermometer—9 A.M.	59
Thermometer—1 P.M.	65
Thermometer—6 P.M.	65
Thermometer—9 A.M. (Wet bulb)	58
Thermometer—1 P.M. (Wet bulb)	57
Thermometer—6 P.M. (Wet bulb)	57
Thermometer—Maximum	59
Thermometer—Minimum (over night)	55

CHINA COAST METEOROLOGICAL REGISTER.

January 31st.

BAROMETER, THERMOMETER, &c.	HONG-KONG.		AMOY.		SHANGHAI.		MANILA	
	Previous day at 4 P.M.	On date at 10 A.M.	Previous day at 4 P.M.	On date at 10 A.M.	Previous day at 4 P.M.	On date at 10 A.M.	On date at 10 A.M.	On date at 4 P.M.
Barometer	29.84	30.05	29.73	30.00	30.07	30.30	30.09	30.03
Thermometer attached	64.0	63.0	70.0	62.0	62.5	62.0	70.3	64.7
Direction of Wind	SW.	E	E	NE	NW	NNW	W	E
Force	5	5	1	3	5	8	1	3
Dry Thermometer	65.0	59.0	70.0	63.0	62.0	63.5	65.0	66.0
Wet Thermometer	63.0	57.0	67.0	62.0	60.0	60.5	75.4	71.0
Weather	f.d.	o.c.m	b.c	o.c.	o.	c.	b.	c.b.
Rain	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—
Earthy Odour	—	0.11	—	—	—	—	—	—

ANEMOMETER, level of the sea in inches, plus, and hundreds.

THERMOMETER, in Fahrenheit degrees and tenths, kept in the open air in a shaded situation.

DIRECTION OF WIND is registered every two points, N. N.N.E., N.E., &c.

FORCE OF WIND.—0 calm. 1 to 3 light breeze. 3 to 5 moderate. 5 to 7 fresh. 7 to 8 strong. 8 to 10 heavy. 10 to 12 violent.

STATE OF WEATHER.—*B.* Clear blue sky. *C.* Cloudy. *D.* Drizzly. *F.* Fog. *G.* Foggy. *H.* Hail. *L.* Lightning. *M.* Misty. *O.* Overcast. *P.* Passing showers. *Q.* Squally. *R.* Rainy. *S.* Snow. *T.* Thunder. *U.* Hail, threatening. *V.* Visibility. *W.* Storm. *Z.* Calm. The letters are repeated to indicate any increase over the mean average of their signification.

RAIN.—The hours of rain for the previous 24 hours (noon are registered from 1 to 24, and the quantity of water fallen reduced to inches and hundreds.

INTIMATIONS.

E. CASSUMBHOY.

FURNITURE WAREHOUSE,
Nos. 9, 11, 12, 13, and 14,
BEACONSFIELD ARCADE,
Opposite the City Hall.
HOUSES OR ROOMS FURNISHED THROUGHOUT ON THE SHORTEST NOTICE.
FURNITURE, PIANOS, &c.,
FOR SALE OR HIRE.
A GOOD SELECTION OF BOOKS.
Some Choice Original Oil Paintings and Water Colours: Chromos, Engravings, &c.
A few Pieces of Genuine Old Porcelain and other Ware.
CHINESE AND JAPANESE CURIOS.
Hongkong, 14th March, 1882. [2276

CUTLER, PALMER & CO.

1815.—The year of our Establishment in Europe.
1847.—The year of our Establishment in China.
Cutler, Palmer & Co.'s **** COGNAC, the very best and oldest shipped
Cutler, Palmer & Co.'s ***, **, * COGNAC.
Cutler, Palmer & Co.'s INVALID'S PORT, old and thoroughly good
Cutler, Palmer & Co.'s SHERRY W.S. the best wine of its kind in China.
Cutler, Palmer & Co.'s Amoroso, Vino de Pasto, Vino Puro.
Cutler, Palmer & Co.'s CLARETS, Chateau Monton, Larose, St. Estephe, &c.
Cutler, Palmer & Co.'s Agents, have for sale
The "Royal Charter" Champagne—selected for the Queen.
The "Carlton" Whiskey—two qualities, 11 and 5 years old, guaranteed.
All these are kept in stock in Hongkong, Shanghai, and Yokohama. Address for particulars: Messrs. Jardine, Matheson & Co., or Siemssen & Co., or Lane, Crawford & Co. at either place; and to Messrs. Bush Bros., Newchwang. [2061

FOR SALE, CHEAP.

A GUNBOAT'S BATTERY of 3 30-POUNDERS DAHLGRENS STEEL RIFLED GUNS (of very long range); and 2 24-POUNDERS BRONZE HOWITZERS, all on carriages, with a quantity of Shot, Shell and Grape Shot. A Powerful STEAM LAUNDRY as good as new with about 5 tons of BAR SOAP; 3 New Gunboat's BOILERS, 20 H.P. each, tested to 180 lbs. to the square inch; 7 VERTICAL BOILERS, from 5 to 12 H.P.; 7 ENGINES, from 5 to 12 H.P.; 1 new CENTRIFUGAL PUMP, discharges 5,000 gallons of water per minute; 1 PORTABLE JIB CRANE 450 fathoms CHAIN CABLE, from ¾ to 2 inches, and a 5-Oared LIFE BOAT WHALE, by White of Cowes, as good as new.
For Particulars, apply to
J. M. ARMSTRONG,
1926] Auctioneer, Queen's Road.

THE TOURIST'S GUIDE.
REDUCED PRICE, $1.
Containing the names of all the Articles of Trade, objects of Natural History, Furniture, &c., &c., with the Punti and Mandarin Pronunciation.
Also a few copies of the GRAMMAR OF THE CHINESE LANGUAGE, in two Parts,
The *Daily Press* Office.

VESSELS ADVERTISED AS LOADING.

DESTINATION	VESSEL'S NAME	CAPTAIN	AT	FOR FREIGHT APPLY TO	TO BE DESPATCHED
HAMBURG	Juno	H. C. Buckvoldt	Hongkong	Carlowitz & Co.	Quick despatch.
LONDON, &c., via SUEZ CANAL	Thames (str.)	W. D. Anderson		P. & O. S. N. Co.	On 6th inst., at 4 P.M.
LONDON, via SUEZ CANAL	Glenlyon (str.)	Godge		Jardine, Matheson & Co.	To-morrow, at Noon.
LONDON, via SUEZ CANAL	Glaucus (str.)	Jackson		Butterfield & Swire	On or about 2nd inst.
LONDON, via SUEZ CANAL	Ulysses (str.)	Thompson		Butterfield & Swire	On or about 6th inst.
MARSEILLES, via SUEZ, &c.	Amazone (str.)	Moss		Messageries Maritimes	On 13th inst., at Noon.
MARSEILLES, via SAIGON, &c.	Stamboul (str.)	Martino		Adamson, Bell & Co.	On 5th instant.
TRIESTE, &c.	Medusa (str.)	G. Ragusin		Melchers & Co.	On or about 6th inst.
NEW YORK	Conquest	Cairns	Hongkong	Russell & Co.	Quick despatch.
NEW YORK via SUEZ CANAL	Galley of Lorne (str.)	Pomroy		Russell & Co.	On or about 2nd inst.
SAN FRANCISCO	James G. Pendleton	Colcord	Hongkong	Russell & Co.	Quick despatch.
SAN FRANCISCO, via YHAMA	Belgic (str.)			O. & O. S. S. Co.	On 7th inst., at 3 P.M.
SYDNEY, &c., VIA SINGAPORE	Catterthun (str.)	Miller		Gibb, Livingston & Co.	On 7th inst., at 4 P.M.
SYDNEY, MELBOURNE, &c.	Bowen (str.)	R. Craig		Gibb, Livingston & Co.	On 24th inst., at 4 P.M.
VICTORIA, V. I.	Glenelg (str.)	Speechly		Gilman & Co.	On or about 7th inst.
YOKOHAMA, via NAGASAKI, &c.	Bangalore (str.)			P. & O. S. N. Co.	On 9th inst., at Noon.
YOKOHAMA AND HIOGO	Merionethshire (str.)	Read		Adamson, Bell & Co.	Quick despatch.
NAGASAKI, KOBE, &c.	Kumamoto-Maru	Drummond		M. B. M. S. S. Co.	To-morrow, at 4 P.M.
SHANGHAI	Pekin (str.)			R. & O. S. N. Co.	Quick despatch.
SHANGHAI	Priam (str.)	Butler		Butterfield & Swire	On or about 4th inst.
SWATOW, AMOY, & FOOCHOW	Kwangtung (str.)	M. Young	Hongkong	Douglas Lapraik & Co.	To-morrow Daylight.

VESSELS ON THE BERTH.

NOUVELLE COMPAGNIE MARSEILLAISE DE NAVIGATION A VAPEUR.

FRAISSINET & Co.

INDIA AND CHINA LINE.

THE Fine New 100 A 1 Steamship

"STAMBOUL,"

Martino, Commander, will sail on MONDAY, the 5th February, for MARSEILLES VIA SAIGON, SINGAPORE, COLOMBO, ADEN, SUEZ and PORT SAID; and with leave to call at PENANG and TUTICORIN. In connection with these Steamers the Company runs a Line from MARSEILLES to HAVRE and LONDON, leaving MARSEILLES after arrival of the Steamer from CHINA.

The Company also runs Steamers regularly from MARSEILLES to the LEVANT, CONSTANTINOPLE, DANUBE, MALTA, EGYPT, CORSICA, ITALY and the LANGUEDOC, by which through freight may be booked.

The Steamers are specially fitted for Passengers.

First-class Fare to Marseilles.....$300.
Second-class " " " .....$240.
For Freight or Passage, apply to
ADAMSON, BELL & Co.,
Agents.
Hongkong, 24th January, 1883. [195

STEAM TO YOKOHAMA VIA NAGASAKI,
WITH OPTION OF CALLING AT HIOGO,
(Passing through the INLAND SEA.)

THE P. & O. S. N. Co.'s Steamship

"BANGALORE"

will leave for the above place on FRIDAY, the 9th February, at TWELVE (NOON) o'CLOCK.
A. McIVER,
Superintendent.
Hongkong, 27th January, 1883.

STEAM TO SHANGHAI.

THE P. & O. S. N. Co.'s Steamship

"PEKIN,"

will leave for the above place about 24 hours after her arrival with the next English Mail.
A. McIVER,
Superintendent.
Hongkong, 29th January, 1883.

UNION LINE.

FOR NEW YORK VIA SUEZ CANAL.

THE Steamship

"GALLEY OF LORNE,"

Captain Pomroy, will be despatched for the above Port on or about the 2nd February, 1883.
For Freight or Passage, apply to
RUSSELL & Co.
Hongkong, 26th January, 1883. [213

OCEAN STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

FOR LONDON, VIA SUEZ CANAL.

THE Company's Steamship

"GLAUCUS,"

Captain Jackson, will be despatched on or about the 2nd February.
For Freight or Passage, apply to
BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents.
Hongkong, 24th January, 1883. [91

AUSTRO-HUNGARIAN LLOYD'S STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY.

STEAM FOR SINGAPORE, PENANG, COLOMBO, BOMBAY, ADEN, SUEZ, PORT SAID, AND TRIESTE.
(Taking Cargo at through rates to CALCUTTA, PERSIAN GULF PORTS, ODESSA, and the MEDITERRANEAN PORTS).

THE Company's Steamship

"MEDUSA,"

Captain G. Ragusin, will be despatched as above on or about the 6th February, 1883.
For further Particulars apply to
MELCHERS & Co.,
Agents.
Hongkong, 22nd January, 1883. [177

OCEAN STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

FOR SHANGHAI.

(Taking Cargo and Passengers at through rates for NINGPO, CHEFOO, NEWCHWANG, TIENTSIN, HANKOW, and PORTS on the YANGTSZE.)

THE Company's Steamship

"PRIAM,"

Captain Butler, will be despatched on or about the 4th February.
For Freight or Passage, apply to
BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents.
Hongkong, 30th January, 1883. [234

OCEAN STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

FOR LONDON, VIA SUEZ CANAL.

THE Company's Steamship

"ULYSSES,"

Captain Thompson, will be despatched on or about the 6th February.
For Freight or Passage, apply to
BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents.
Hongkong, 30th January, 1883. [121

FOR VICTORIA, (V.I.)

THE Steamship

"GLENELG,"

Captain Speechly, will be despatched on or about the 7th February.
For Freight or Passage, apply to
GILMAN & Co.,
Agents for the Charterer.
Hongkong, 30th January, 1883. [227

FOR SAN FRANCISCO.

THE 3/3 L. I. I. American Bark

"JAMES G. PENDLETON,"

Colcord, Master, will load here for the above Port, and will have quick despatch.
For Freight, apply to
RUSSELL & Co.
Hongkong, 24th January, 1883. [194

FOR NEW YORK.

THE American Barque

"CONQUEST,"

Cairns, Master, will load here for the above Port, and will have quick despatch.
For Freight, apply to
RUSSELL & Co.
Hongkong, 8th January, 1883. [108

FOR HAMBURG DIRECT.

THE 3/3 L. I. I. German Bark

"JUNO,"

H. C. Buckvoldt, Master, will load here for the above Port and will have quick despatch.
For Freight, apply to
CARLOWITZ & Co.
Hongkong, 20th December, 1882. [2301

A FONG,
PHOTOGRAPHER,
Has a LARGER, CHOICER, and more COMPLETE COLLECTION of VIEWS, than any other in the Empire.
IVORY MINIATURES of superior excellence and high finish, painted by native artists under careful supervision, from $7.
The new PROMENADE PORTRAITS are now taken daily.
STUDIO, QUEEN'S ROAD,
Nearly opposite the Hongkong Hotel. [62

VESSELS ON THE BERTH.

MITSU BISHI MAIL STEAMSHIP CO.

STEAM TO NAGASAKI AND KOBE,
VIA INLAND SEA.
(Taking Cargo for YOKOHAMA).

THE "KUMAMOTO-MARU," Captain DRUMMOND, due here on or about the 27th Jan., will be despatched as above on FRIDAY, the 2nd February, at FOUR P.M.

Cargo received on board and Parcels at the Office up to ONE P.M., of the day of Sailing.

No Bill of Lading signed under $2 Freight.

All Claims for Damage must be settled on board before delivery is taken, otherwise they will not be recognized.

Cargo and Passengers for Yokohama will be transhipped to the Shanghai Mail Steamer at Kobe.

For further Particulars, apply at the Company's Offices, Prays Central, Ground Floor of Messrs. Russell & Co.
E. H. DUUS,
Acting Agent.
Hongkong, 25th January, 1883.

STEAM FOR
SINGAPORE, PENANG, COLOMBO, ADEN, SUEZ, PORT SAID, MALTA, GIBRALTAR, BRINDISI, TRIESTE, VENICE, PLYMOUTH AND LONDON;
ALSO
BOMBAY, MADRAS, CALCUTTA, AND AUSTRALIA.

N.B.—CARGO CAN BE TAKEN ON THROUGH BILLS OF LADING FOR BATAVIA, PERSIAN GULF PORTS, MARSEILLES, TRIESTE, HAMBURG, NEW YORK, AND BOSTON.

THE PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY'S Steamship "THAMES," Captain W. D. Anderson, with Her Majesty's Mails, will be despatched from this for LONDON, via BOMBAY and SUEZ CANAL, on TUESDAY, the 6th February, at FOUR P.M.

Cargo will be received on board and Parcels and Specie (Gold) at the Office until TEN A.M., on the day of sailing.

Silk and Valuables for Europe will be transhipped at Colombo; Tea and General Cargo for London will be conveyed via Bombay without transhipment, arriving one week later than by the ordinary direct route via Colombo.

For further particulars regarding FREIGHT and PASSAGE apply to the PENINSULAR & ORIENTAL STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY'S Office, Hongkong.

The Contents and Value of Packages are required to be declared prior to shipment.

Shippers are particularly requested to note the terms and conditions of the Company's Black Bills of Lading.

CHEAP RESERVED ACCOMMODATION can be obtained in this Company's Steamers; for particulars apply at the Office.
A.

EXTRACTS.

KITTY'S PRAYER.

By the Author of "John Jernigham's Journal," in Good Words.

"The misthress is dyin', the doothers have said so,
Och, who'd be a doothor, to bring us our deaths?
To sit by our beds, with a hand on the head so,
A feelin' the pulses, an' countin' the breaths!
To drive to our doors in a vehicle stately,
Outstrotchin' a hand for a fee on the sly,
To settle our deaths for us very complately,
An' very contentedly lave us to die!

"The misthress is dyin'—it's is such a pity—
The master just worships the ground 'neath her tread,
She's such a swate crathur, so smilin' and pretty—
Is there no cross ould woman could go in her stead?
She trates us so kindly, we think it an honour
To larn from herself her own elegant ways.
I lov'd her the minute I set my eyes on her,
An' what will I do whin she's dead, if you plase?

"I hate our fine doothor! he ought to be cryin',
But smil'd as he ran to his carriage and book,
Jist afther he tend us the darlint was dicin'—
Share, if she recover'd, how quare he would look!
I know he's a janius—the best in the city—
But God's above all—even doothors—who knows?
I am but a poor little servint," says Kitty,
"But even a servint can pray," I suppose.

So, down on her knees in a whirl of emotion,
With anger and grief in a terrible swing,
Her Irish tongue praying with utter devotion,
In faith that but few to their praying can bring.
The poor little servant—her tears flowing over—
Implor'd with a force that my verse cannot give,
With the zeal of a saint and the glow of a lover,
That, in spite of the doctor, the mistress might live.

The master sat close by his darling, despair in
His stupefied sorrow—just holding her hand—
He prayed, to be sure, but no hope has his prayer in,
In fact he was dazed, and could scarce understand.
Her delicate lips had a painful contraction
Her sensitive eyes seeming sunken and glazed;
He knew in his heart there could be no reaction,
He just sat and saw her—in fact he was dazed.

A pallor less ghastly—the cyclashes quiver—
Life springs to the face in a sudden surprise—
Grim Death retrogrades with a sad little shiver—
She smiles at the master, her soul in her eyes!
A wonderful hope—is it hope? is it terror?
Leaps up in his heart while he watches his wife—
Is it life before death is it fancy's sweet error?
Or is it—or can it be—verily Life!

Oh, send for the doctor—death hangs on each minute—
They wait for his fiat, as that of a god—
Who supply remarks that there is something in it,
Granting leases of life with an autocrat's nod.
Joy rings through the house that was silent in sadness;
The master believes that he no'er felt despair,
And Kitty, the servant, laughs out, 'mid her gladness,
To think that they none of them knew of her prayer.

"PANSIES FOR THOUGHTS."

For you these tiny flowers are cut,—
Those slender-stemmed, rich purple pansies;
A thousand thoughts and tender fancies
Within their little hearts are shut.
Sweet memories of happy hours
We spent together,—dear romances,—
Like love in one of Cupid's glances,
Hide in the fragrance of these flowers.

F. D. SHEEHAN.

A MAN-OSTRICH.

The hospitals of Italy are resolved not to be outdone, if they can help it, by those of Paris, and they are beginning to announce to the world the living wonders of which they are the happy possessors. At Cremona, for instance, the object of interest is not a sleeping girl or a fasting man, or a giant with 20 in. feet who cannot walk, but a young man who has developed an attack of pleurisy by his peculiar liking for diet ostriches are supposed chiefly to affect. From the age of 12 years this man of strange appetites has been feeding freely, without any particular ill-effects upon pebbles, iron nails, and knobs of glass. His capacity for swallowing and accommodating these objects within him was only developed by a considerable course of training, and it was not till he was about 15 that the youth felt qualified to make public displays of his art. But by diligent practice he steadily improved. His most usual method was to take glass balls of a convenient size, well smoothed, or polished, so that there should be no unpleasant friction as they passed down the throat and other internal passage. By degree he became able to take from 15 to 20 pebbles a day, each weighing about three ounces and having a diameter of 2½ inches. Nails could not be quite so readily accommodated; and it was considered good practice to take a dozen or two of them, measuring three inches in length, and a third of an inch in diameter at the head. He has, however, when in good form, and supplied with plenty of thick soup to wash them down, been known to do 25 such nails at a sitting, and these performances are said to have been attested to the satisfaction of Dr. Cosoi, the chief of the Cremona hospital, and other medical men. On the whole it is, perhaps, less surprising that he should now be suffering from pleurisy than that he should not have been earlier attacked by a still more troublesome form of malady.

THE LAWYER'S TRADE.

"So I am doomed?" said the client just found guilty of murder in the first degree and condemned to be hanged. "Guilty? hanged?" howled the lawyer. "What are you talking about? Evidently you have never been tried before for murder? "No," said the prisoner; this is my first offence." "Why, man," said the lawyer, "the thing has but just commenced. Being found guilty is now by the law considered only the preliminary stage of a criminal trial." "But what will you do now?" "Do? You have twelve of fourteen chances for life," said the lawyer. "First—Application for a new trial." Second—Stay of proceedings. Third—We will find some new witnesses that will prove that you are quite another man as compared with what you were when you committed the deed. Fourth—There are forty-five exceptions to the rulings of the Court. Fifth—If these fail we shall clap on a certiorari. Sixth—If that fails, we shall try the old habeas corpus. Seventh—Then there is the insanity dodge. That opens a new field altogether for saving your neck. We can make you insane. I have in reserve a corps of "experts" who can make anybody out insane. Sentence you to the asylum, you know, for life, and let you out by the back door in less than an year, when the public has forgotten all about the case. Ninth—Petition the Executive for pardon. Tenth—The writs in reserve. There's the writ of corporealibus aurora borealis. Dou you understand Latin?" Prisoner—Not a Latin. Lawyer—If that fails there's the writ of pulcherimus amo masculinibus, which means it is a sin, anyway, to hang a lovable white man—like yourself. Then there's the writ of nil desperandum in quandary, which means any port in a storm. See? Prisoner—I dou't see exactly. But I know you must be a learned man, and I know there's heap of power in them thoro writs. How much? Lawyer—Well, it costs heavily to get them out, especially those last named, for they are the choice and fancy varieties. A thousand dollars will smooth things, and procrastinate the gallows for the present. Prisoner—Judge, 500 dols. is all I can raise just now. Won't that answer? Lawyer—For half the time mentioned, yes. You are saved for six months.—*American Paper.*

INSURANCES.

IMPERIAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

The Undersigned, Agents for the above Company, are prepared to GRANT POLICIES against FIRE to the extent of $50,000 on any one

FIRST-CLASS RISK.

RATES ON FIRST-CLASS GODOWNS REDUCED TO ½ PER CENT. NETT PER ANNUM FROM THIS DATE.

GIBB, LIVINGSTON & Co., Agents,
Imperial Fire Insurance Company.
Hongkong, 9th May, 1881. [60

SCOTTISH IMPERIAL INSURANCE COMPANY,
FIRE AND LIFE.

INSURANCES against FIRE granted at Current Rates. Considerable Reduction in Premia for LIFE INSURANCE in China.

MEYER & Co., Agents.
Hongkong, 3rd June, 1879. [1046

MANCHESTER FIRE ASSURANCE COMPANY OF MANCHESTER AND LONDON.

ESTABLISHED 1824.

CAPITAL OF THE COMPANY, £1,000,000 Sterling.
OF WHICH IS PAID-UP ... £100,000 Sterling.
RESERVE FUND UPWARDS OF ... £120,000 Sterling.
ANNUAL INCOME ... £250,000 Sterling.

The Undersigned have been appointed Agents for the above Company at HONGKONG, CANTON, FOOCHOW, SHANGHAI, and HANKOW, and are prepared to grant Insurances at Current Rates.

HOLLIDAY, WISE & Co.
Hongkong, 15th October, 1868. [12

SUN FIRE OFFICE.

The Undersigned are prepared from this date to GRANT POLICIES against FIRE at the Reduced Tariff Rates to the extent of $50,000 on First-class Risks.

LINSTEAD & DAVIS,
Agents,
Sun Fire Office.
Hongkong, 12th May, 1881. [15

LA GRANDE COMPAGNIE D'ASSURANCES MARITIMES. (CERCLE TRANSPORTS REUNIES) PARIS.

CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED..... 50,000,000 Francs.
CAPITAL PAID-UP ..... 12,500,000 Francs.

The Undersigned, having been appointed AGENTS of the above Company, are prepared to GRANT POLICIES on MARINE RISKS to all parts of the World.

ARNHOLD, KARBERG & Co.
Hongkong, 1st January, 1882. [1824

THE LONDON ASSURANCE,

INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER OF HIS MAJESTY KING GEORGE THE FIRST.
A.D. 1720.

THE Undersigned having been appointed Agents for the above Corporation, are prepared to grant Insurances as follows:—

MARINE DEPARTMENT.
Policies at current rates, payable either here, in London, or at the principal Ports of India, China, and Australia.

FIRE DEPARTMENT.
Policies issued for long or short periods at current rates.

LIFE DEPARTMENT.
Policies issued for sums not exceeding £5,000, at reduced rates.

HOLLIDAY, WISE & Co.
Hongkong, 26th July, 1872. [13

NORTH BRITISH AND MERCANTILE INSURANCE COMPANY.

THE undersigned, Agents of the above Company, are authorized to INSURE against FIRE at Current Rates.

GILMAN & Co.
Hongkong, 1st January, 1882. [18

NORTH GERMAN FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY AT HAMBURG.

THE Undersigned, AGENTS for the above Company, are prepared to GRANT INSURANCES to the extent of $65,000, on first-class risks at current rates.

MELCHERS & Co.
Hongkong, 27th March, 1876. [11

TRANSATLANTIC FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY OF HAMBURG.

The Undersigned, having been appointed Agents for the above Company, are prepared to ACCEPT RISKS against FIRE at Current Rates.

SIEMSSEN & Co.,
Agents.
Hongkong, 16th November, 1872. [14

THAMES AND MERSEY MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.

HEAD OFFICE—1, ROYAL EXCHANGE BUILDINGS, LONDON.

The Undersigned, having been appointed Agents in Hongkong and China for the above Company, are prepared to accept MARINE RISKS at Current Rates, allowing usual discounts.

ADAMSON, BELL & Co.,
Agents.
Hongkong, 4th May, 1881. [847

NOTICE.

THE Undersigned have been appointed AGENTS to the NEW YORK BOARD of UNDERWRITERS.

ARNHOLD, KARBERG & Co.
Hongkong, 4th September, 1879.

RECORD of AMERICAN and FOREIGN SHIPPING.

Agents,
ARNHOLD, KARBERG & Co.
Hongkong, 4th September, 1879. [1680

UNIVERSAL LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY.
ESTABLISHED 1834.

INSURANCES Effected for Life or Short Periods; on Joint Lives; and on the limited payment system.

For Particulars, apply to
LINSTEAD & DAVIS.
Agents.
Hongkong, 7th December, 1882. [19

NOTICE.

QUEEN FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

The Undersigned, Agents for the above Company, are prepared to ACCEPT RISKS on First-class Godowns at ½ per Cent. Nett premium per Annum.

NORTON & Co., Agents.
Hongkong, 20th May, 1881. [2

NOTICE.

THE CHINA FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.

Is prepared to ACCEPT FIRST-CLASS RISKS at ½ % nett per Annum, and other INSURANCES at Current Rates.

AGENCIES at all the Treaty Ports of China and Japan, and at Singapore, Saigon, Penang, and the Philippines.

JAS. B. COUGHTRIE,
Secretary.
Hongkong, 27th March, 1882. [680

PHŒNIX FIRE OFFICE.

The Undersigned are now prepared to GRANT POLICIES of INSURANCE against FIRE at the following Rates:—

On First-class European Tenements ..... at ¾ % Net per Annum.
On First-class Godowns, & Merchandise stored therein ..... at ¾ % Net per Annum.
On Coals ..... at 1 % Net per Annum.
On Petroleum in Licensed Godowns ..... at 1½ % Net per Annum.
On First-class Chinese Tenements ..... at 2 % Net per Annum.
On Second-class Chinese Tenements ..... at 2½ % Net per Annum.

DOUGLAS LAPRAIK & Co.,
Agents for Phœnix Fire Office.
Hongkong, 5th August, 1881. [17

INTIMATIONS.

LORNE HIGHLAND WHISKY.

Pure Highland Malt,
Thoroughly matured.
"As a Stimulant,"
Says the *Medical Review*,
"It is preferable to Brandy."
Bottled under the special supervision of H.M. Inland Revenue, in full-sized bottles, 6 to the gallon.
Sole Proprietors,
GREENLEES BROTHERS,
31, COMMERCIAL STREET, LONDON, E.
Distilleries, Argyleshire.
Agents:—
JARDINE, MATHESON & Co.,
Hongkong. [1441

T. ALGAR AND COMPANY
HOUSE AND ESTATE AGENTS,
RENTS COLLECTED.
BROWN, JONES & CO.,
UNDERTAKERS,
MOURNING STATIONERY, &c.,
MONUMENTS ERECTED.
6, QUEEN'S ROAD EAST. [24

NOTICE.

PRINTING OF EVERY DESCRIPTION AT THE "DAILY PRESS" OFFICE.

Particular attention is given at this Establishment to COMMERCIAL and GENERAL JOB PRINTING, every description of which is executed
IN THE BEST STYLE
and at
SUCH PRICES
as will bear
FAVOURABLE COMPARISON
with
ANY IN THE EAST.

"DAILY PRESS" OFFICE,
HONGKONG.

THE Undersigned have been appointed Sole Agents for the Sale of their Goods in Hongkong and China by Messrs. J. & R. TENNENT, Glasgow, and Messrs. DAVID CORSAR & SONS, Arbroath.

ARNHOLD, KARBERG & Co.
Hongkong, January, 1867. [22

"JAPAN GAZETTE,"
YOKOHAMA.

HAVING been appointed AGENT in HONGKONG and SOUTH CHINA for the *Japan Gazette*, "Japan Gazette Summary," and "Hong List," Orders for Subscriptions and Advertisements will be received at this Office.

Hongkong Daily Press Office,
Hongkong, 23rd May, 1877.

J. AND R. TENNENT'S ALE and PORTER.
DAVID CORSAR & SONS'
Merchant Navy
Navy Boiled
Long Flax } CANVAS.
Crown
ARNHOLD, KARBERG & Co.
Hongkong, 11th May, 1867. [21

FOR SALE.

CHAS. HEIDSIECK'S CHAMPAGNE 1874, "WEISSLACK."
$20 ..... per case of 2 dozen pints.
$19 ..... per case of 1 dozen quarts.
GRAND VIN CHATEAU LEOVILLE.
$24 ..... per case of 1 dozen quarts.
PALMER MARGAUX.
$7.50 ..... per case of 1 dozen quarts.
$8.50 ..... per case of 2 dozen pints.
CHATEAU LAROSE.
$12 ..... per case of 1 dozen quarts.
LOREMONT.
$5 ..... per case of 1 dozen quarts.
$6 ..... per case of 2 dozen pints.
SIEMSSEN & Co.
Hongkong, 26th March, 1881. [20

CHINA OVERLAND TRADE REPORT, the COMMERCIAL JOURNAL for CHINA, JAPAN, &c., &c.,
Published at the Office of the *Hongkong Daily Press* on the Morning of the Departure of the English Mail,
contains the
LATEST AND FULLEST TRADE INTELLIGENCE,
REPORTS OF MEETINGS OF COMPANIES,
THE LATEST TELEGRAMS,
together with the
POLITICAL AND GENERAL NEWS
of the Fortnight.

The "Trade Report" has a large circulation in Hongkong, the Ports of China and Japan, the Philippines, Straits Settlements, &c., &c.

Hongkong, 3rd October, 1877.

SUN SHING,
DEALER IN SILKS,
Canton and Shanghai Gauzes, Crape Shawls, Lacquered and Ivory Ware, Curiosities, Ornaments, Inlaid Chairs and Tables, &c., &c.,
GOLD AND SILVER JEWELLER,
ENGRAVER OF STAMPS, SEALS, &c., &c.,
No. 62, QUEEN'S ROAD, HONGKONG.

NOTE.—This Firm is the oldest established of the kind in Hongkong, and has no connection with any other of similar hong name.

SUN SHING.
Hongkong, 1st May, 1881. [989

NOW ON SALE.
IMPERIAL QUARTO.

ENGLISH AND CHINESE DICTIONARY,
WITH THE PUNTI AND MANDARIN PRONUNCIATION.

An Anglo-Chinese Dictionary, published at the *Daily Press* Office, Hongkong.

For comprehensiveness and practical service this Work stands unrivalled. All the new words which the Chinese have of late years been compelled to coin to express the numerous objects in machinery, photography, telegraphy, and in science generally, which the rapid advance of foreign relations has imposed upon them, are here given *in extenso*. Each and every word is fully illustrated and explained, forming exercises for students of a most instructive nature. Both the Court and Punti pronunciations are given, the accents being carefully marked on the best principle hitherto attained. The typography displays the success of an attempt to make the Chinese and English type correspond in the size of body, thereby effecting a vast economy of space, achieving a clearness not previously attained, and dispensing with those vast margins and vacant spaces which have heretofore characterized Chinese publications.

To illustrate the vast scope of the work, the following facts are submitted for consideration:—Chalmers' Vocabulary contains about 16,000 Chinese characters, and Medhurst's English and Chinese Dictionary about 100,000, whilst this work contains more than 50,000 English words, and upwards of 600,000 Chinese characters. Again, despite all the grammars and other elementary works as yet published, the student of this difficult language absolutely requires examples to display the various applications and equivalents of different words which have one general meaning. Of these examples this work contains more than five times as many as any other Dictionary hitherto published.

For practical purposes the arrangement of the work is so complete, that a reference to its pages enables a person who understands English to communicate *effectively* with natives who understand nothing but Chinese. In this respect the work will be found indispensable to all Europeans residing in China, and to the natives themselves it explains subjects fully with which very few indeed of them are perfectly acquainted. To parties resident in England and interested in China it cannot but be invaluable occasionally.

It comprises upwards of two thousand large quarto pages.

A Large REDUCTION in PRICE is made to Purchasers of SIX or more Copies.

LONDON:
TRUBNER & Co., 60, PATERNOSTER ROW.
HONGKONG
"DAILY PRESS" OFFICE WYNDHAM ST.

NOW ON SALE.

BOUND VOLUMES of the *China Overland Trade Report* for the Year 1881.
PRICE TEN DOLLARS.
Apply at the *Daily Press* Office.
Hongkong, January, 1882.

HONGKONG MARKETS.

AS REPORTED BY CHINESE ON THE 31ST JAN., 1883.

COTTON GOODS.

American Drills, 30 yards, per piece ...	$2.95 to 3.10
American Drills, 15lbs., per piece ...	$3.00 to 3.05
Cotton Yarn, No. 10 to 24, per 100 lbs.	$88.50 to 93.00
Cotton Yarn, No. 28 to 32, per 100 lbs.	$98.00 to 105.00
Cotton Yarn, No. 36 to 42, per 100 lbs.	$112.00 to 116.50
Cotton Yarn, Bombay ...	$78.00 to 79.50
Chintz, per piece ...	$1.70 to 1.75
Dyed Spotted Shirtings, per piece ...	$3.00 to 3.85
Dyed Brocades Shirtings, per piece...	$3.65 to 3.70
Dyed Damask Shirtings, per piece ...	$5.50 to 5.65
English Drills, 30 yards, per piece ...	$2.35 to 2.65
English Drills, 14 lbs., per piece ...	$2.45 to 2.50
English Drills, 15 lbs., per piece ...	$2.85 to 2.90
Grey Shirtings, 7 lbs., per piece ...	$1.55 to 1.63
Grey Shirtings, 8 lbs., per piece ...	$1.77 to 1.85
Grey Shirtings, 8½ lbs., per piece ...	$1.95 to 2.22
Grey Shirtings, 9 lbs., per piece ...	$2.65 to 2.75
Grey Shirtings, 10 lbs., per piece ...	$2.97 to 2.99
Grey T-Cloths, 24 yds. & 32 in. 6 lbs. p. pc.	$1.20 to 1.25
Grey T-Cloths, 24 yds. & 32 in. 7 lbs. p. pc.	$1.35 to 1.70
Grey T-Cloths, 24 yds 36 in 8 lbs. XO p. pc.	$1.80 to 1.85
Grey T-Cloths, 24 yds 36 in 8 lbs. VV p. pc.	$2.30 to 2.35
Grey T-Cloths, 24 yds 36 in 8 lbs. XXp. pc.	$2.45 to 2.50
Handkerchiefs, Blue, per dozen ...	$0.60 to 0.65
Handkerchiefs, Brown, per dozen ...	$0.55 to 0.62
Handkerchiefs, Red, per dozen...	$0.63 to 0.65
Handkerchiefs, Light Red, per dozen...	$0.66 to 0.78
Turkey Red Shirtings, 3 lbs., per piece	$2.75 to 2.40
Velvet Black, 22 inches, per yard...	$0.18 to 0.19
Velvet, Gentian, 22 inches per yard ...	$0.21 to 0.22
Velveteens, Black, per yard ...	$0.21 to 0.22
Velveteens, Gentian, per yard ...	$0.28 to 0.29
White Shirtings, 54 to 60 reed, per piece	$2.15 to 2.35
White Shirtings, 64 to 66 reed, per piece	$2.45 to 2.60
White Shirtings, 68 to 80 reed, per piece	$2.80 to 3.35
White Shirtings, 600 reed, per piece...	$3.45 to 3.50
White Shirtings, 7,000 reed, per piece...	$3.20 to 3.22
White Shirtings, AA, per piece...	$1.65 to 1.70
White Shirtings, EF, per piece...	$5.30 to 5.32
White Shirtings, MH, per piece ...	$3.00 to 3.05
White Spotted Shirtings, per piece...	$2.45 to 2.50
White Brocades, per piece ...	$2.50 to 3.05

WOOLLEN GOODS.

Blankets, 8 lbs., per pair...	$3.45 to 3.85
Blankets, 9 lbs., per pair...	$3.75 to 3.85
Blankets, 10 lbs., per pair...	$4.25 to 4.45
Blankets, 12 lbs., per pair...	$5.70 to 5.75
Camlets, SSS, per piece...	$13.50 to 14.00
Camlets, SS, per piece...	$13.50 to 14.00
Camlets, S, per piece...	$14.50 to 15.00
Camlets, BBB, per piece...	$16.50 to 17.00
Camlets, AAA, per piece...	$16.50 to 17.00
Camlets, LLL, per piece...	$13.50 to 14.00
Long Ells, MM Scarlet, per piece...	$6.65 to 6.70
Long Ells, MM Assorted per piece...	$6.65 to 6.70
Long Ells, HH Scarlet, per piece...	$6.65 to 7.70
Long Ells, HH Assorted, per piece...	$6.65 to 6.70
Long Ells, H Scarlet, per piece...	$6.65 to 6.70
Long Ells, H Assorted, per piece...	$6.70 to 6.75
Lastings, DD, per piece...	$13.50 to 15.25
Spanish Stripes, per yard...	$0.72 to 0.73

METALS.

Iron, Nail Rod, per picul...	$2.65 to 2.70
Iron, Hoop, per picul...	$2.85 to 3.10
Iron, Bar, per picul...	$3.20 to 3.35
Iron, Wire, per picul...	$6.25 to 6.35
Lead, WB, per picul ...	$5.20 to 5.25
Lead, LR, per picul ...	$5.05 to 5.10
Lead, Hole Chop, per picul...	$5.05 to 5.10
Quicksilver, English, per picul...	$59.50 to 57.70
Quicksilver, American, per picul...	$57.00 to 57.30
Steel, English, per tub...	$3.65 to 3.75
Steel, Swedish, per tub...	$4.15 to 4.25
Spelter, per picul...	$5.60 to 5.65
Tin, Malacca, per picul...	$33.40 to 34.50
Tin, Plates, per box...	$4.90 to 4.95

PRODUCE.

Almonds, per picul...	$33.00 to 33.50
Alum, 1st quality, per picul...	$2.45 to 2.55
Alum, 2nd quality, per picul...	$1.75 to 1.85
Bark, Camphor, per picul...	$17.50 to 18.50
Beche de Mer, per picul...	$30.00 to 55.00
Bees Wax, Japan, White, per picul...	$11.50 to 12.50
Bees Wax, Hankow, Yellow, per picul...	$44.00 to 46.50
Bees Wax, White, per picul...	$79.00 to 79.50
Birds' Nests, 1st quality, per picul...	$1,050 to 2,550
Birds' Nests, 2nd quality, per picul...	$650 to 800
Birds' Nests, 3rd quality, per picul...	$75.00 to 210
Brimstone, per picul...	$2.55 to 2.65
Buffalo Hides, Manila...	$12.00 to 15.50
Buffalo Cow Hides...	$7.90 to 8.00

PRODUCE.

Camphor, refined, per picul...	$18.50 to 20.50
Camphor, Barous, clean, per picul...	$2,500 to 3,000
Camphor, Refuse, per picul...	$1,800 to 1,950
Cardamons, Superior...	$125 to 135
Cardamons, Inferior, per picul...	$26.00 to 28.50
Cloves, per picul...	$35.00 to 38.50
Coals, Afloat, per ton...	— to —
Coals, English steam, per ton...	$10.25 to 10.00
Coals, Sydney, per ton...	$9.25 to —
Coffee, per picul...	$22.50 to 24.50
Copper, Sheathing, Japan, per picul...	$20.50 to 21.00
Copper, Rod, Japan, per picul...	$22.70 to 24.00
Copper, Nails, per picul...	$23.50 to 23.80
Cotton, Bombay, per picul...	$15.80 to 16.30
Cotton, Calcutta, per picul...	$17.00 to 17.80
Cotton, Ningpo, per picul...	$18.20 to 18.60
Cotton, Shanghai, per picul...	$16.50 to 17.50
Cotton, Shantung, per picul...	$16.30 to 16.80
Cotton, Tientsin, per picul...	$17.00 to 17.80
Cotton, Tungchow, per picul...	$17.50 to 18.30
Cotton Seeds, Saigon...	$4.20 to 4.30
Cotton Seeds, Siam...	$4.10 to 4.20
Cuttlefish, Japan...	$22.50 to 26.00
Cuttlefish, Japan, without bones, p. pl...	$16.50 to 17.50
Cuttlefish, Chinchow, per picul...	$23.00 to 27.50
Dates, Black, per picul...	Tls. 4.4.5 to 4.5.5
Dates, Red, per picul...	Tls. 3.1.5 to 3.2.5
Dried Lily Flowers...	$7.35 to 8.15
Elephant's Teeth, 4 to 5 pieces...	$250 to 300
Elephant's Teeth, 7 to 8 pieces...	$200 to 220
Flour, California, per sack of 50 lbs...	$1.40 to 1.48
Flour, American, per barrel of 100 lbs...	$3.10 to 3.25
Flour, American, per barrel of 200 lbs...	$6.30 to 6.35
Fungus ...	$33.50 to 40.00
Flints, per picul...	$0.50 to 0.65
Ginseng, American, 1st quality, p. picul.	$200 to 285
Ginseng, American, 2nd quality, p. picul.	$160 to 210
Hams, Ordinary, per picul ...	Tls. 17.7.0 to 18.0.0
Hams, Superior, per picul ...	Tls. 29.3.0 to 31.0.0
Hemp, Hankow, per picul ...	$10.50 to 12.00
Hemp, Siam, per picul...	$10.40 to 11.00
Isinglass, Japan, per picul...	$35.00 to 43.00
Melon Seeds, 1st quality, per picul...	$4.90 to 5.30
Melon Seeds, 2nd quality, per picul...	$4.50 to 4.70
Mushrooms, per picul ...	$38.00 to 48.50
Mussels, Dry Siam large, per picul...	$8.95 to 9.10
Mussels, Dry Siam middle, per picul ...	$7.25 to 7.45
Mussels, Dry Siam small, per picul...	$6.15 to 6.35
Pea Oil, per picul...	Tls. 5.2.5 to 5.3.0
Peas, White, per picul ...	$2.05 to 2.10
Peas, Green, per picul ...	$1.98 to 2.08
Peas, Black, per picul ...	$1.53 to 1.55
Peas, Yellow, per picul...	$1.54 to 1.57
Peas, Green Beans, per picul...	$1.31 to 1.33
Pearl Barley, per picul...	$6.50 to 7.80
Potatoe Flour, per picul...	Tls. 1.5.0 to 1.6.5
Putchuck, per picul ...	$13.00 to 14.70
Rhinoceros Horn, per picul...	$2,600 to 3,000
Rhinoceros Horn, Mother, per picul...	$2,000 to 2,400
Rice, Siam, No. 1, per picul...	$1.95 to 1.96
Rice, Siam, No. 2, per picul ...	$1.83 to 1.89
Rice, Siam, milled No. 1, per picul ...	$1.83 to 1.89
Rice, Siam, milled No. 2, per picul ...	$1.67 to 1.68
Rice, Saigon, No. 1, per picul...	$1.87 to 1.90
Rice, Saigon, Hemp bags...	$1.75 to 1.76
Rice, Saigon, Straw bags...	$1.71 to 1.72
Rice, Japan ...	$2.10 to 2.70
Saltpetre, per picul ...	$5.95 to 6.25
Seaweed, Green, per picul ...	$1.95 to 2.10
Seaweed, Cut, per picul ...	$2.35 to 2.40
Sesamum, White, per picul...	$2.85 to 2.95
Sesamum, Black, per picul...	Tls. 2.4.5 to 2.5.5
Sharksfins, per picul...	$35.00 to 60.00
Shellfish, Japan, per picul ...	$27.00 to 89.00
Shellfish, California, per picul ...	$11.50 to 12.00
Stockfish, per picul ...	$5.00 to 6.50
Straits Produce, &c.,—	
Betel Nut, per picul ...	$4.15 to 4.25
Pepper, White, per picul...	$21.70 to 22.00
Pepper, Black, per picul ...	$13.50 to 13.90
Rattan, Straits, per picul...	$5.30 to 5.50
Rattans, Bangar, per picul...	$4.35 to 4.65
Sandal Wood, Malabar, per picul ...	$4.30 to 4.85
Sandal Wood, South Seas, per picul ...	$21.50 to 22.55
Sapan Wood, Manila, per picul...	$1.45 to 1.65
Sapan Wood, Siam, per picul...	$2.25 to 2.35
Sugar, Shak-lung, White, No. 1, p. pcl...	$7.00 to 7.10
Sugar, Shak-lung, White, No. 2, p. pcl...	$6.15 to 6.35
Sugar, Shak-lung, Brown, per picul...	$4.06 to 4.10
Sugar Candy, Shak-lung, per picul ...	$9.20 to 9.35
Sugar Candy, Foochow, per picul...	$9.75 to 9.80
Sugar Candy, Swatow, White, per picul.	$6.75 to 7.25
Vermicelli, Tientsin, per picul ...	$7.50 to 7.70
Walnuts, per picul...	$5.25 to 5.30
Wheat, Tientsin, per picul ...	$2.15 to 2.18
Wheat, Japan, per picul ...	$2.15 to 2.18
Wood Oil, per picul...	Tls. 6.3.0 to 6.3.5
Window Glass, per box...	$3.65 to 3.70

SHIPPING IN THE CHINA WATERS.

HONGKONG.

STEAMERS.

VESSELS.	DATE OF ARRIVAL	CAPTAIN.	FLAG AND RIG.	TONS.	CONSIGNEES.	DESTINATION.
Activ	Jan. 29	Rovebeck	Dan. str	268	C. M. S. N. Co.	
Ægean	Jan. 29	Thomas	Brit. str	749	Arnhold, Karberg & Co	
Albany	Jan. 30	John Daely	Brit. str	1499	Jardine, Matheson & Co	
Ashington	Jan. 30	McDonald	Brit. str	809	Jardine, Matheson & Co	
Bayswater	Jan. 26	R. Walker	Brit. str	1019	Tung Kee	
Belgic	Jan. 31	Cameron	Brit. str	1716	O. & O. S. S. Co	S. Francisco
Bivouac	Jan. 31	Campbell	Brit. str	881	Tung Kee	
Carlos	Jan. 27	Horno	Ger. str	783	E.I. Schellhass & Co.	
Cutterthun	Jan. 29	Miller	Brit. str	1407	Gibb, Livingston & Co	Melbourne
Crusader	Nov. 13	Rowin	Brit. str	647	Chinese	
Dale	Jan. 2	E. Allason	Brit. str	644	Yuen Fat Hong	
Esmeralda	Jan. 27	G. Wright	Brit. str	895	Russell & Co	Manila
Fame	—	Stopani	Brit. str	117	H. & W. Dock Co.	
Glenelg	Jan. 14	Speedily	Brit. str	894	Tung Kee	Victoria, B.C.
Glenlyon	Jan. 31	Gadge	Brit. str	1373	Jardine, Matheson & Co	
Hainan	Jan. 31	Connor	Brit. str	293	Afong	
Himalaya	Jan. 29	W. R. Beadle	Brit. str	514	Butterfield & Swire	
Hoihow	Jan. 23	Hillkirk	Brit. str	898	Butterfield & Swire	
Hankow	Oct. 15	J. Ogston	Brit. str	2235	Butterfield & Swire	Canton
Honam	Sept. 15	T. Benning	Brit. str	1314	H. C. & M. Steamboat Co	Canton
Kiu Kiang	—	A. Benning	Brit. str	1061	H.C. & M. Steamboat Co	Macao
Kiungchow	—	—	Brit. str	159	H. C. & M. Steamboat Co	Canton
Kung-pai	Jan. 31	Boswell	Chi. str	610	C. M. S. N. Co	
Kwangtung	Jan. 28	M. Young	Brit. str	674	Douglas Lapraik & Co	Coast Ports
K'moto Maru	Jan. 27	Drummond	Jap. str	1913	M. B. M. S. S. Co	
Luzon	Jan. 27	F. Vilmali	Span. str	321	Remedios & Co	
Madras	Jan. 22	Bradley	Brit. str	1097	Thomas Howard & Co.	
Medusa	Jan. 27	G. Ragasin	A.-H. str	2111	Melchers & Co	Trieste
Meli	Jan. 22	C. B. Null	Chi. str	472	C. M. S. N. Co	
Noua	Jan. 23	Wolffel	Ger. str	609	Eduard Schellhass & Co	
Ping-on	Jan. 12	McCaslin	Brit. str	574	Russell & Co	
Powan	—	A. G. Carey	Brit. str	—	H.C. & M. Steamboat Co	Canton
Spark	—	Caldwallader	Brit. str	—	H. C. & M. Steamboat Co	Laid up
Taiwan	Jan. 28	A. Williams	Brit. str	1109	Butterfield & Swire	
Thames	Jan. 14	Tait	Brit. str	296	Arnhold, Karberg & Co	
Toonan	Jan. 30	Croad	Chi. str	1261	C. M. S. N. Co	
White Cloud	—	—	Brit. str	652	H. C. & M. Steamboat Co	Laid up
Yangtsze	Jan. 31	Casson	Brit. str	784	Siemssen & Co	
Yoritomo Maru	Jan. 28	B. E. Gall	Jap. str	612	M. B. M. S. S. Co	
Yottung	June 23	H. Kennett	Brit. str	286	Kwok Acheong & Sons	

SAILING VESSELS.

VESSELS.	DATE OF ARRIVAL	CAPTAIN.	FLAG AND RIG.	TONS.	CONSIGNEES.	DESTINATION.
Alden Besse	Dec. 22	A. Noyes	Amr. bk	842	Melchers & Co	
Alexa	Jan. 16	Robb	Brit. bk	425	Adamson, Bell & Co	
Alva	Jan. 12	E. de Souza	Port. bk	622	Brandao & Co	
Antoinette	Jan. 7	Bunge	Brit. bk	1014	Order	
Barbarossa	Jan. 12	R. Kausch	Brit. sh	1396	Melchers & Co	
Beatrice	Jan. 17	Williams	Brit. sch	66	Captain	
S. F. Watson	Jan. 12	Hawkins	Amr. bk	932	Melchers & Co	
Billy Simpson	Dec. 9	Brown	Brit. bk	432	Captain	
Cashmere	Jan. 17	Lockhart	Br